

Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U, K-O

T type
K-O
K-U

Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U

Load-bearing thermal insulation element for free cantilevered balconies with height offset downwards or wall connection. The element transfers negative moments and positive shear forces.

Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O

Load-bearing thermal insulation element for free cantilevered balconies with height offset upwards or wall connection. The element transfers negative moments and positive shear forces.

Reinforced concrete – reinforced concrete

Product change

Old

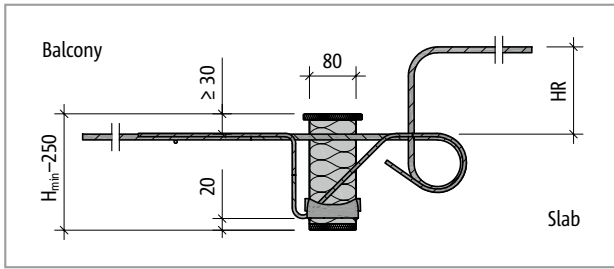


Fig. 63: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-HV: Product section

New

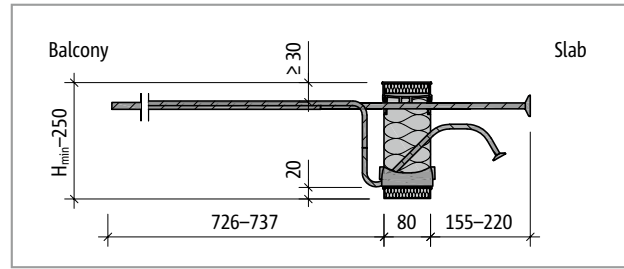


Fig. 64: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U: Product section

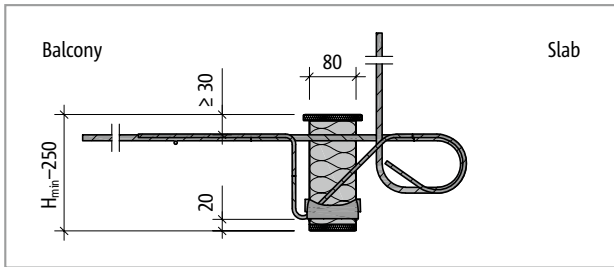


Fig. 65: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-WO: Product section

Old

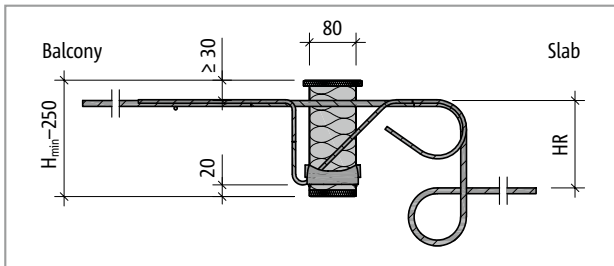


Fig. 66: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-BH: Product section

New

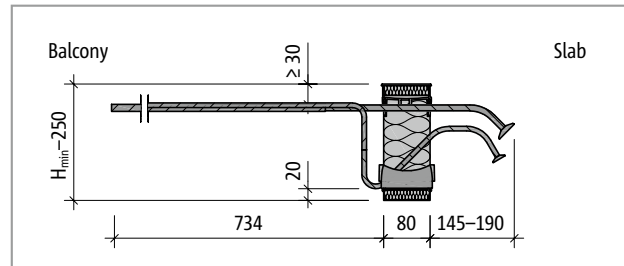


Fig. 67: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O: Product section

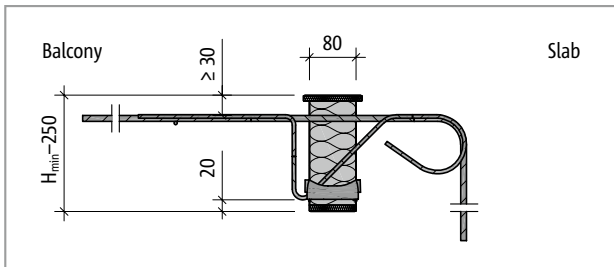


Fig. 68: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-WU: Product section

Product change

- The Schöck Isokorb® T type K-HV and the Schöck Isokorb® T type K-WO can be replaced by the Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U.
- The Schöck Isokorb® T type K-BH and the Schöck Isokorb® T type K-WU can be replaced by the Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O.

Balcony with height offset downwards with Schöck Isokorb® T type K

i Height offset $h_V \leq h_D - c_a - d_s - c_i$

- If $h_V \leq h_D - c_a - d_s - c_i$ then the Schöck Isokorb® T type K with straight tension bar can be selected.

h_V = height offset

h_D = floor thickness

c_a = concrete cover outside

d_s = diameter tension bar Isokorb

c_i = required concrete cover inside

H = Isokorb® height

Example: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-M5-CV35

$h_D = 180$ mm, $c_a = 35$ mm, $d_s = 8$ mm, $c_i = 30$ mm

max. $h_V = 180 - 35 - 8 - 30 = 107$ mm

- Recommendation: Downstand beam width at least 220 mm
- With floor-side arrangement of element slabs for c_i the element slab thickness + \varnothing_s is to be applied.

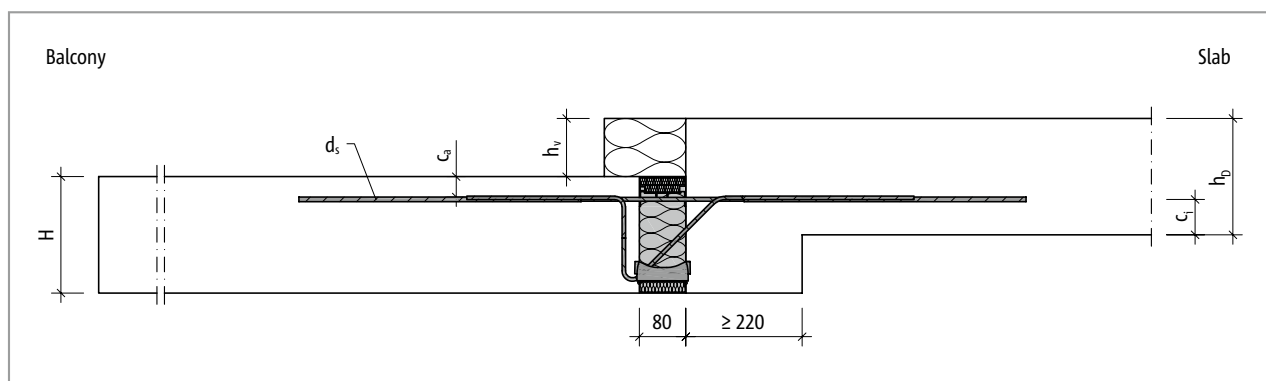


Fig. 69: Schöck Isokorb® T type K: Smaller height offset downwards (balcony lying lower)

i Height offset $h_V > h_D - c_a - d_s - c_i$

If the condition $h_V \leq h_D - c_a - d_s - c_i$ is not met, the connection can be implemented using Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U.

Element arrangement | Installation cross sections

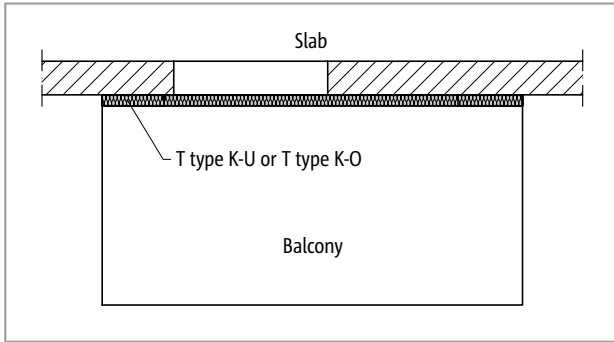


Fig. 70: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U/K-O: Cantilevered balcony

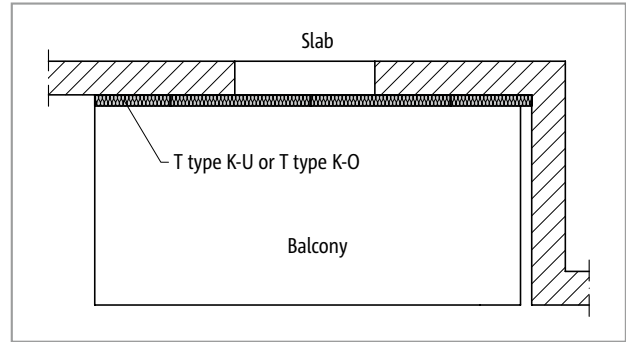


Fig. 71: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U/K-O: Balcony with façade offset

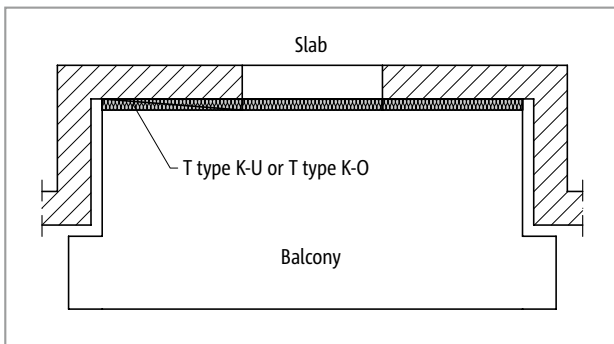


Fig. 72: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U/K-O: Balcony with façade recess

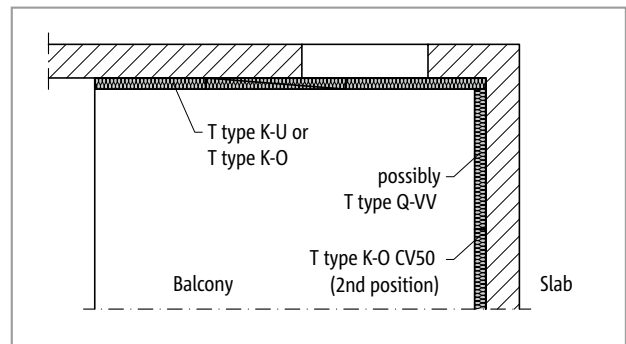


Fig. 73: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U/K-O, T type Q-VV: Balcony with inside corner, double-faced supported

Balcony with height offset upwards

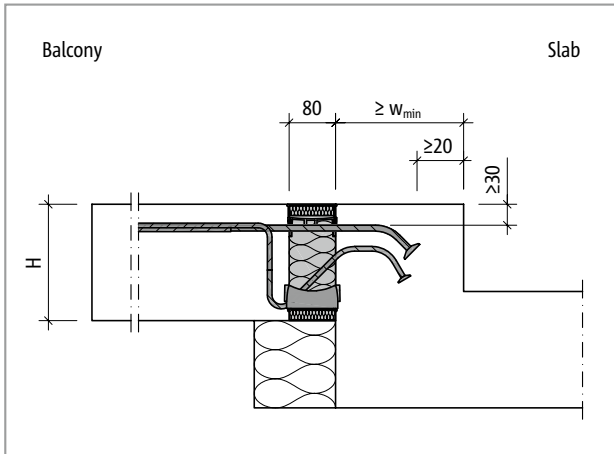


Fig. 74: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O: Balcony with height offset upwards and external insulation

Balcony with height offset downwards

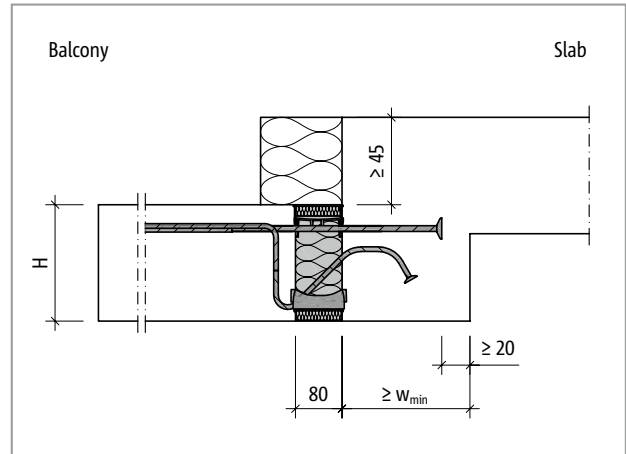


Fig. 75: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U: Balcony with height offset downwards and external insulation

T type
K-O
K-U

Reinforced concrete – reinforced concrete

Installation cross sections

Wall connection upwards

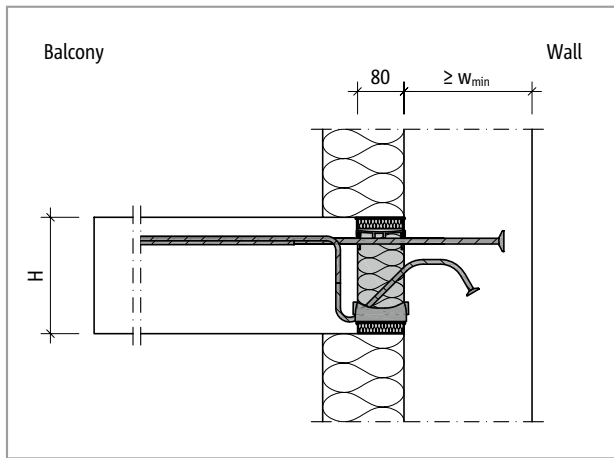


Fig. 76: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U: Wall connection upwards with external insulation

Wall connection downwards

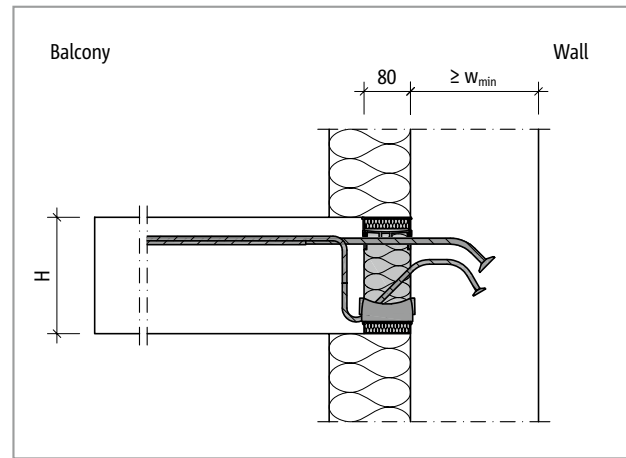


Fig. 77: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O: Wall connection downwards with external insulation

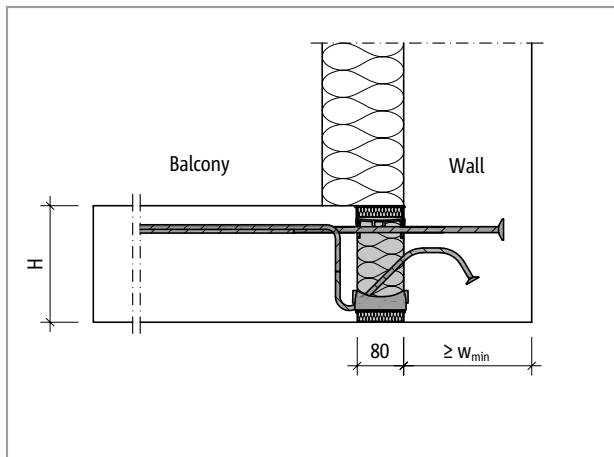


Fig. 78: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U: Wall connection upwards with external insulation

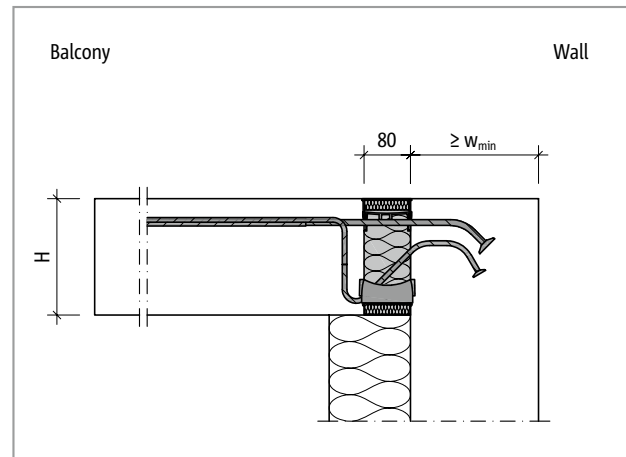


Fig. 79: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O: Wall connection downwards with external insulation

i Geometry

- The use of the Schöck Isokorb® T types K-U and K-O requires a minimum wall thickness and a minimum girder width of 175 mm.
- Depending on the Schöck Isokorb® type selected and on the selected Isokorb® height, a minimum component dimension of w_{min} is required (see page 58).
- A minimum concrete cover of 60 mm above the anchor head must be complied with.

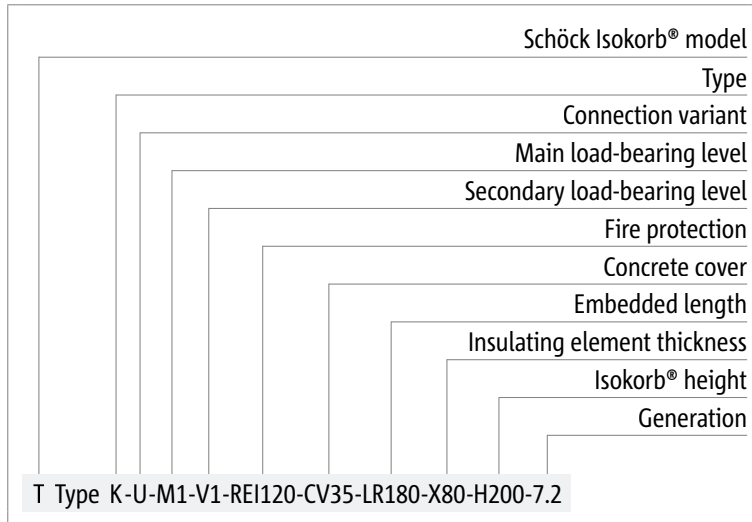
Product selection | Type designations | Special designs

Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U variants

The configuration of the Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U can be varied as follows:

- Main load-bearing level: M1 to M4
- Secondary load-bearing level: V1
- Fire resistance class:
REI120 (standard):
- Concrete cover of the tension bars:
CV30 = 30 mm, CV35 = 35 mm, CV50 = 50 mm
- Embedded length: LR = 155 mm to 220 mm; depends on the Isokorb® height, see page 58.
- Insulating element thickness:
X80 = 80 mm
- Isokorb® height:
H = 160 to 250 mm for concrete cover CV30, CV35
H = 180 to 250 mm for concrete cover CV50
- Generation: 7.2

Type designations in planning documents



Special designs

Please contact the design support department if you have connections that are not possible with the standard product variants shown in this information (contact details on page 3).

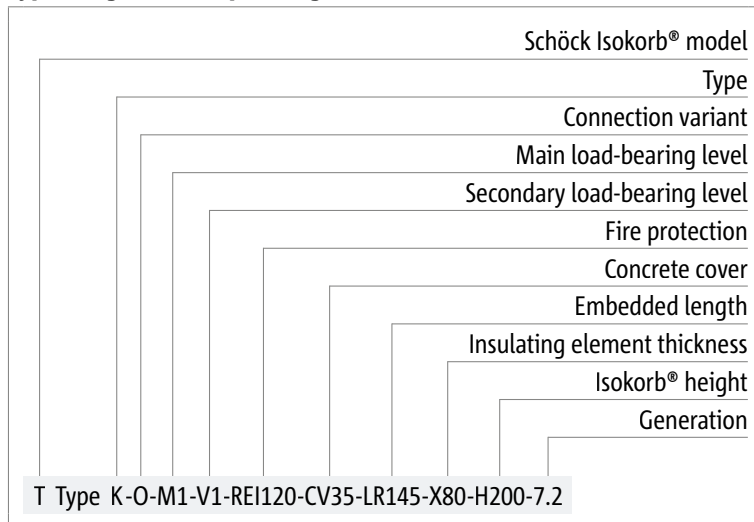
Product selection | Type designations | Special designs

Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O variants

The configuration of the Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O can be varied as follows:

- Main load-bearing level: M1 to M4
- Secondary load-bearing level: V1
- Fire resistance class:
REI120 (standard):
- Concrete cover of the tension bars:
CV30 = 30 mm, CV35 = 35 mm, CV50 = 50 mm
- Embedded length: LR = 145 mm to 190 mm; depends on the Isokorb® height, see page 58.
- Insulating element thickness:
X80 = 80 mm
- Isokorb® height:
H = 160 to 250 mm for concrete cover CV30, CV35
H = 180 to 250 mm for concrete cover CV50
- Generation: 7.2

Type designations in planning documents



i Special designs

Please contact the design support department if you have connections that are not possible with the standard product variants shown in this information (contact details on page 3).

Minimum component dimensions

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O | | M1–M4 | | | |
|--|-----|----------------|---------|----------------|---------|
| Minimum structural component dimension for | | CV30/CV35 | | CV50 | |
| | | w_{min} [mm] | LR [mm] | w_{min} [mm] | LR [mm] |
| Isokorb® height H [mm] | 160 | 175 | 145 | - | - |
| | 170 | 175 | 145 | - | - |
| | 180 | 175 | 145 | 175 | 145 |
| | 190 | 175 | 145 | 175 | 145 |
| | 200 | 175 | 145 | 175 | 145 |
| | 210 | 175 | 145 | 175 | 145 |
| | 220 | 190 | 170 | 175 | 145 |
| | 230 | 190 | 170 | 175 | 145 |
| | 240 | 210 | 190 | 190 | 170 |
| | 250 | 210 | 190 | 190 | 170 |

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U | | M1–M4 | | | |
|--|-----|----------------|---------|----------------|---------|
| Minimum structural component dimension for | | CV30/CV35 | | CV50 | |
| | | w_{min} [mm] | LR [mm] | w_{min} [mm] | LR [mm] |
| Isokorb® height H [mm] | 160 | 175 | 155 | - | - |
| | 170 | 175 | 155 | - | - |
| | 180 | 175 | 155 | 175 | 155 |
| | 190 | 175 | 155 | 175 | 155 |
| | 200 | 200 | 180 | 175 | 155 |
| | 210 | 200 | 180 | 175 | 155 |
| | 220 | 220 | 200 | 200 | 180 |
| | 230 | 220 | 200 | 200 | 180 |
| | 240 | 240 | 220 | 220 | 200 |
| | 250 | 240 | 220 | 220 | 200 |

T type
K-O
K-U

Design

Notes on design

- With CV50, $H = 180$ mm is the lowest Isokorb® height, this requires a minimum slab thickness of $h = 180$ mm.
- The use of the Schöck Isokorb® T types K-U and K-O requires a minimum wall thickness and a minimum girder width of 175 mm.
- The employment of the Schöck Isokorb® T types K-U and K-O with further connection situations ($175 \text{ mm} \leq w_{\text{previously}} < w_{\text{min}}$) is possible taking into consideration reduced load-bearing capacity. Please make contact the Schöck Design Department (see page 3).
- Depending on the Schöck Isokorb® type selected and on the selected Isokorb® height, a minimum component dimension of w_{min} is required (see page 58).
- The design values for Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U depend on the existing girder width and wall thickness (w_{exist}).
- A minimum concrete cover of 60 mm above the anchor head must be complied with.
- Direction of the load application in the neighbouring structural element determines the Isokorb® connection variant.

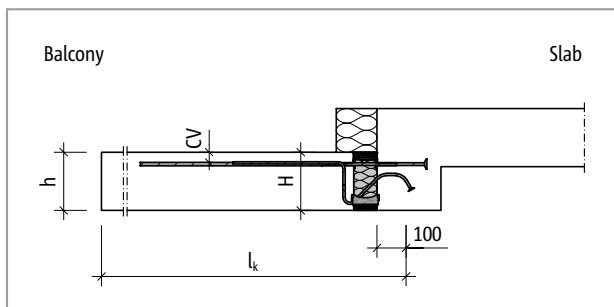


Fig. 80: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U: Static system

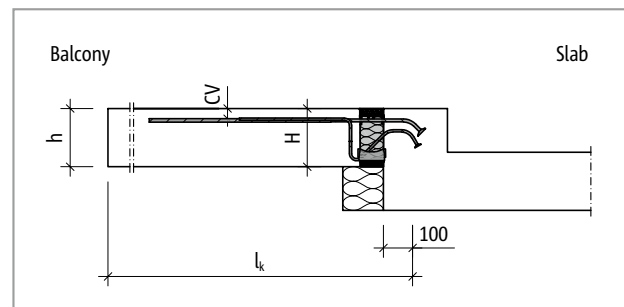


Fig. 81: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O: Static system

C25/30 design

Design table T type K-U

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U | | | | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------|-------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| Design values with | Concrete cover CV [mm] | | | Concrete strength class \geq C25/30 | | | |
| | | | | 200 mm > downstand beam width \geq 175 mm 200 mm > wall thickness \geq 175 mm | | | |
| | CV30 | CV35 | CV50 | $m_{Rd,y}$ [kNm/m] | | | |
| Isokorb® height H [mm] | | 160 | | -16.3 | -20.9 | -27.6 | -31.6 |
| | 160 | | 180 | -17.3 | -22.2 | -29.4 | -33.5 |
| | | 170 | | -18.3 | -23.5 | -31.1 | -35.5 |
| | 170 | | 190 | -19.3 | -24.8 | -32.8 | -37.4 |
| | | 180 | | -20.3 | -26.1 | -34.5 | -39.4 |
| | 180 | | 200 | -21.3 | -27.4 | -36.2 | -41.3 |
| | | 190 | | -22.3 | -28.7 | -37.9 | -43.3 |
| | 190 | | -23.3 | -30.0 | -39.6 | -45.2 | |
| | | | | $v_{Rd,z}$ [kN/m] | | | |
| Secondary load-bearing level | | V1 | | 61.7 | 92.5 | 92.5 | 92.5 |

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U | | | | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------|-------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| Design values with | Concrete cover CV [mm] | | | Concrete strength class \geq C25/30 | | | |
| | | | | 220 mm > downstand beam width \geq 200 mm 220 mm > wall thickness \geq 200 mm | | | |
| | CV30 | CV35 | CV50 | $m_{Rd,y}$ [kNm/m] | | | |
| Isokorb® height H [mm] | | 160 | | -16.6 | -22.9 | -30.2 | -34.5 |
| | 160 | | 180 | -17.6 | -24.3 | -32.1 | -36.7 |
| | | 170 | | -18.7 | -25.7 | -33.9 | -38.8 |
| | 170 | | 190 | -19.8 | -27.1 | -35.8 | -40.9 |
| | | 180 | | -20.9 | -28.5 | -37.7 | -43.1 |
| | 180 | | 200 | -22.0 | -30.0 | -39.5 | -45.2 |
| | | 190 | | -23.1 | -31.4 | -41.4 | -47.3 |
| | 190 | | 210 | -24.2 | -32.8 | -43.3 | -49.5 |
| | | 200 | | -25.3 | -34.2 | -45.1 | -51.6 |
| | 200 | | 220 | -26.4 | -35.6 | -47.0 | -53.7 |
| | | 210 | | -27.6 | -37.0 | -48.9 | -55.9 |
| | 210 | 230 | -28.7 | -38.4 | -50.7 | -58.0 | |
| | | | | $v_{Rd,z}$ [kN/m] | | | |
| Secondary load-bearing level | | V1 | | 61.7 | 92.5 | 92.5 | 92.5 |

Notes on design

- Static system and information on the design see page 59.

C25/30 design

Design table T type K-U

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U | | | | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|------|-------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| Design values with | Concrete cover CV [mm] | | | Concrete strength class \geq C25/30 | | | |
| | | | | 240 mm > downstand beam width \geq 220 mm 240 mm > wall thickness \geq 220 mm | | | |
| | CV30 | CV35 | CV50 | $m_{Rd,y}$ [kNm/m] | | | |
| Isokorb® height H [mm] | | 160 | | -16.6 | -24.4 | -32.2 | -36.8 |
| | 160 | | 180 | -17.6 | -25.9 | -34.2 | -39.1 |
| | | 170 | | -18.7 | -27.4 | -36.2 | -41.3 |
| | 170 | | 190 | -19.8 | -28.9 | -38.2 | -43.6 |
| | | 180 | | -20.9 | -30.4 | -40.2 | -45.9 |
| | 180 | | 200 | -22.0 | -31.9 | -42.1 | -48.2 |
| | | 190 | | -23.1 | -33.4 | -44.1 | -50.4 |
| | 190 | | 210 | -24.2 | -34.9 | -46.1 | -52.7 |
| | | 200 | | -25.3 | -36.4 | -48.1 | -55.0 |
| | 200 | | 220 | -26.4 | -37.9 | -50.1 | -57.2 |
| | | 210 | | -27.6 | -39.4 | -52.1 | -59.5 |
| | 210 | | 230 | -28.7 | -40.9 | -54.1 | -61.8 |
| | | 220 | | -29.9 | -42.5 | -56.1 | -64.1 |
| | 220 | | 240 | -31.0 | -44.0 | -58.0 | -66.3 |
| | 230 | | -32.2 | -45.5 | -59.6 | -68.1 | |
| 230 | | 250 | -33.3 | -47.0 | -59.6 | -68.1 | |
| | | | | $v_{Rd,z}$ [kN/m] | | | |
| Secondary load-bearing level | | V1 | | 61.7 | 92.5 | 92.5 | 92.5 |

Notes on design

- Static system and information on the design see page 59.

C25/30 design

Design table T type K-U

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U | | | | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------|-------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| Design values with | Concrete cover CV [mm] | | | Concrete strength class \geq C25/30 | | | |
| | | | | Downstand beam width \geq 240 mm wall thickness \geq 240 mm | | | |
| | CV30 | CV35 | CV50 | $m_{Rd,y}$ [kNm/m] | | | |
| Isokorb® height H [mm] | | 160 | | -16.6 | -24.5 | -32.5 | -39.0 |
| | 160 | | 180 | -17.6 | -26.1 | -34.5 | -41.4 |
| | | 170 | | -18.7 | -27.7 | -36.6 | -43.8 |
| | 170 | | 190 | -19.8 | -29.3 | -38.7 | -46.2 |
| | | 180 | | -20.9 | -30.9 | -40.8 | -48.6 |
| | 180 | | 200 | -22.0 | -32.5 | -42.9 | -51.0 |
| | | 190 | | -23.1 | -34.1 | -45.1 | -53.4 |
| | 190 | | 210 | -24.2 | -35.7 | -47.2 | -55.8 |
| | | 200 | | -25.3 | -37.4 | -49.3 | -58.3 |
| | 200 | | 220 | -26.4 | -39.0 | -51.5 | -60.7 |
| | | 210 | | -27.6 | -40.7 | -53.7 | -63.1 |
| | 210 | | 230 | -28.7 | -42.3 | -55.8 | -65.5 |
| | | 220 | | -29.9 | -44.0 | -58.0 | -67.9 |
| | 220 | | 240 | -31.0 | -45.6 | -60.1 | -70.3 |
| | | 230 | | -32.2 | -47.3 | -62.4 | -72.2 |
| | 230 | | 250 | -33.3 | -49.0 | -63.2 | -72.2 |
| | | 240 | | -34.5 | -50.7 | -63.2 | -72.2 |
| 240 | | | -35.6 | -52.3 | -63.2 | -72.2 | |
| | 250 | | -36.8 | -54.1 | -63.2 | -72.2 | |
| 250 | | | -38.0 | -55.7 | -63.2 | -72.2 | |
| | | | | $v_{Rd,z}$ [kN/m] | | | |
| Secondary load-bearing level | | V1 | | 61.7 | 92.5 | 92.5 | 92.5 |

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U | | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 |
|----------------------------|--|----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Placement with | | Isokorb® length [mm] | | | |
| | | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| Tension bars | | 4 \emptyset 12 | 6 \emptyset 12 | 8 \emptyset 12 | 10 \emptyset 12 |
| Anchor bars | | 4 \emptyset 10 | 6 \emptyset 10 | 8 \emptyset 10 | 10 \emptyset 10 |
| Shear force bars V1 | | 4 \emptyset 8 | 6 \emptyset 8 | 6 \emptyset 8 | 6 \emptyset 8 |
| Pressure bearing [piece] | | 7 | 9 | 14 | 16 |
| Special stirrup [piece] | | - | - | 4 | 4 |

Notes on design

- Static system and information on the design see page 59.

C25/30 design

Design table T type K-O

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O | | | | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------|-------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| Design values with | Concrete cover CV [mm] | | | Concrete strength class \geq C25/30 | | | |
| | | | | Downstand beam width \geq 175 mm wall thickness \geq 175 mm | | | |
| | CV30 | CV35 | CV50 | $m_{Rd,y}$ [kNm/m] | | | |
| Isokorb® height H [mm] | | 160 | | -16.6 | -24.3 | -30.4 | -40.4 |
| | 160 | | 180 | -17.6 | -25.8 | -32.2 | -42.9 |
| | | 170 | | -18.7 | -27.3 | -34.1 | -45.6 |
| | 170 | | 190 | -19.8 | -28.8 | -36.0 | -48.1 |
| | | 180 | | -20.9 | -30.3 | -37.8 | -50.8 |
| | 180 | | 200 | -22.0 | -31.8 | -39.7 | -53.3 |
| | | 190 | | -23.1 | -33.3 | -41.6 | -56.0 |
| | 190 | | 210 | -24.2 | -34.8 | -43.5 | -58.6 |
| | | 200 | | -25.3 | -36.3 | -45.3 | -61.3 |
| | 200 | | 220 | -26.4 | -37.8 | -47.2 | -63.9 |
| | 210 | | -27.6 | -39.3 | -49.1 | -66.6 | |
| 210 | | 230 | -28.7 | -40.8 | -51.0 | -69.2 | |
| Design values with | Concrete cover CV [mm] | | | Downstand beam width \geq 190 mm wall thickness \geq 190 mm | | | |
| | CV30 | CV35 | CV50 | $m_{Rd,y}$ [kNm/m] | | | |
| | | 220 | | -29.9 | -42.3 | -52.8 | -71.7 |
| Isokorb® height H [mm] | 220 | | 240 | -31.0 | -43.8 | -54.7 | -74.3 |
| | | 230 | | -32.2 | -45.3 | -56.6 | -76.8 |
| | 230 | | 250 | -33.3 | -46.8 | -58.4 | -79.4 |
| Design values with | Concrete cover CV [mm] | | | Downstand beam width \geq 210 mm wall thickness \geq 210 mm | | | |
| | CV30 | CV35 | CV50 | $m_{Rd,y}$ [kNm/m] | | | |
| | | 240 | | -34.5 | -48.3 | -60.3 | -81.9 |
| Isokorb® height H [mm] | 240 | | | -35.6 | -49.8 | -62.2 | -84.5 |
| | | 250 | | -36.8 | -51.3 | -64.1 | -87.0 |
| | 250 | | | -38.0 | -52.8 | -65.9 | -89.6 |
| $v_{Rd,z}$ [kN/m] | | | | | | | |
| Secondary load-bearing level | | V1 | | 61.7 | 92.5 | 92.5 | 92.5 |

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O | | | | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Placement with | | | | Isokorb® length [mm] | | | |
| | | | | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| Tension bars | | | | 4 \emptyset 12 | 6 \emptyset 12 | 8 \emptyset 12 | 10 \emptyset 12 |
| Anchor bars | | | | 4 \emptyset 10 | 6 \emptyset 10 | 8 \emptyset 10 | 10 \emptyset 10 |
| Shear force bars | | | | 4 \emptyset 8 | 6 \emptyset 8 | 6 \emptyset 8 | 6 \emptyset 8 |
| Pressure bearing [piece] | | | | 6 | 8 | 10 | 16 |
| Special stirrup [piece] | | | | - | - | - | 4 |

Notes on design

- Static system and information on the design see page 59.

T type
K-O
K-U

Reinforced concrete – reinforced concrete

Deflection/Camber

Deflection

The deflection factors given in the table ($\tan \alpha$ [%]) result alone from the deflection of the Schöck Isokorb® under 100% steel utilisation. They serve for the estimation of the required camber. The total arithmetic camber of the balcony slab formwork results from the calculation according to BS EN 1992-1-1 (EC2) and BS EN 1992-1-1/NA plus the deflection from Schöck Isokorb®. The camber of the balcony slab formwork to be given by the structural engineer/designer in the implementation plans (Basis: Calculated total deflection from cantilever slab + floor rotation angle + Schöck Isokorb®) should be so rounded that the scheduled drainage direction is maintained (round up: with drainage to the building facade, round down: with drainage towards the cantilever slab end).

Deflection (p) as a result of Schöck Isokorb®

$$p = \tan \alpha \cdot l_k \cdot (m_{pd} / m_{Rd}) \cdot 10 \text{ [mm]}$$

Factors to be applied

$\tan \alpha$ = apply value from table

l_k = cantilever length [m]

m_{pd} = relevant bending moment [kNm/m] in the ultimate limit state for the determination of the p [mm] from Schöck Isokorb®.

The load combination to be applied for the deflection is determined by the structural engineer.

(Recommendation: Load combination for the determination of the camber p : determine $g+q/2$, m_{pd} in the ultimate limit state)

m_{Rd} = maximum design moment [kNm/m] of the Schöck Isokorb®

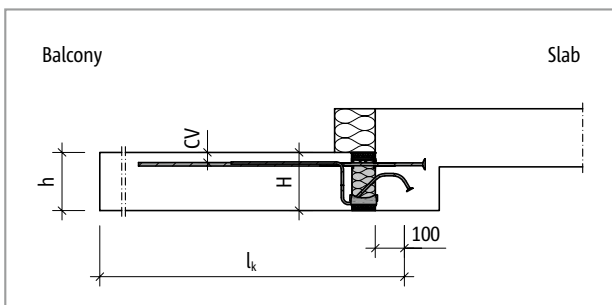


Fig. 82: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U: Static system

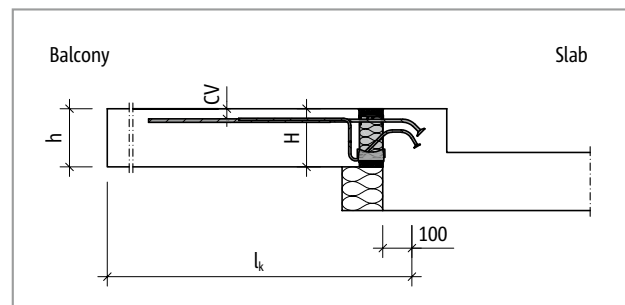


Fig. 83: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O: Static system

Deflection/Camber

| Schöck Isokorb® T type | | K-O | | |
|-------------------------|-----|--|------|------|
| Deflection factors when | | CV30 | CV35 | CV50 |
| | | $w_{\text{exist}} \geq 175 \text{ mm}$ | | |
| | | $\tan \alpha$ [%] | | |
| Isokorb® height | 160 | 1.1 | 1.1 | - |
| | 170 | 0.9 | 1.0 | - |
| | 180 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.1 |
| | 190 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| | 200 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.9 |
| | 210 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| | 220 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| | 230 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| | 240 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| | 250 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 |

| Schöck Isokorb® T type | | K-U | | |
|-------------------------|-----|--|------|------|
| Deflection factors when | | CV30 | CV35 | CV50 |
| | | $w_{\text{exist}} \geq 175 \text{ mm}$ | | |
| | | $\tan \alpha$ [%] | | |
| Isokorb® height | 160 | 1.0 | 1.1 | - |
| | 170 | 0.9 | 1.0 | - |
| | 180 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| | 190 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| | 200 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| | 210 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| | 220 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| | 230 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| | 240 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| | 250 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 |

i Notes on deformation

- The design values for Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U depend on the existing downstand beam width and wall thickness (w_{exist}).
- The minimum structural element dimension $w_{\text{min}} = 240 \text{ mm}$ for CV30 and CV35 is to be complied with for $H \geq 240 \text{ mm}$.

Slenderness

Slenderness

In order to safeguard the serviceability limit state we recommend the limitation of the slenderness to the following maximum cantilever lengths $max l_k$ [m]:

| Schöck Isokorb® T type | | K-U K-O | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|-----------------|------|------|
| Maximum cantilever length with | | CV30 | CV35 | CV50 |
| | | $l_{k,max}$ [m] | | |
| Isokorb® height H [mm] | 160 | 1.81 | 1.74 | - |
| | 170 | 1.95 | 1.88 | - |
| | 180 | 2.10 | 2.03 | 1.81 |
| | 190 | 2.25 | 2.17 | 1.95 |
| | 200 | 2.39 | 2.32 | 2.10 |
| | 210 | 2.54 | 2.46 | 2.25 |
| | 220 | 2.68 | 2.61 | 2.39 |
| | 230 | 2.83 | 2.76 | 2.54 |
| | 240 | 2.98 | 2.90 | 2.68 |
| | 250 | 3.12 | 3.05 | 2.83 |

Maximum cantilever length

The tabular values are based on the following assumptions:

- Accessible balcony
- Concrete weight density $\gamma = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3$
- Dead weight of the balcony surfacing $g_2 \leq 1.2 \text{ kN/m}^2$
- Balcony rail $g_R \leq 0.75 \text{ kN/m}$
- Service load $q = 4.0 \text{ kN/m}^2$ with the coefficient $\psi_{2,i} = 0.3$ for the quasi-permanent combination

1 Maximum cantilever length

- The maximum cantilevered length for ensuring the serviceability is a benchmark. It can be limited by the load bearing capacity when using the Schöck Isokorb® T type K.

Expansion joint spacing

Maximum expansion joint spacing

If the structural element length exceeds the maximum expansion joint spacing e , then expansion joints must be incorporated into the external concrete components at right angles to the insulating layer in order to limit the effect as a result of temperature changes. The maximum expansion joint spacing $e/2$ applies to fixed points such as balcony corners or to the use of the Schöck Isokorb® T types H.

The shear force transmission in the expansion joint can be ensured using a longitudinally displaceable shear force dowel, e.g. Schöck Dorn.

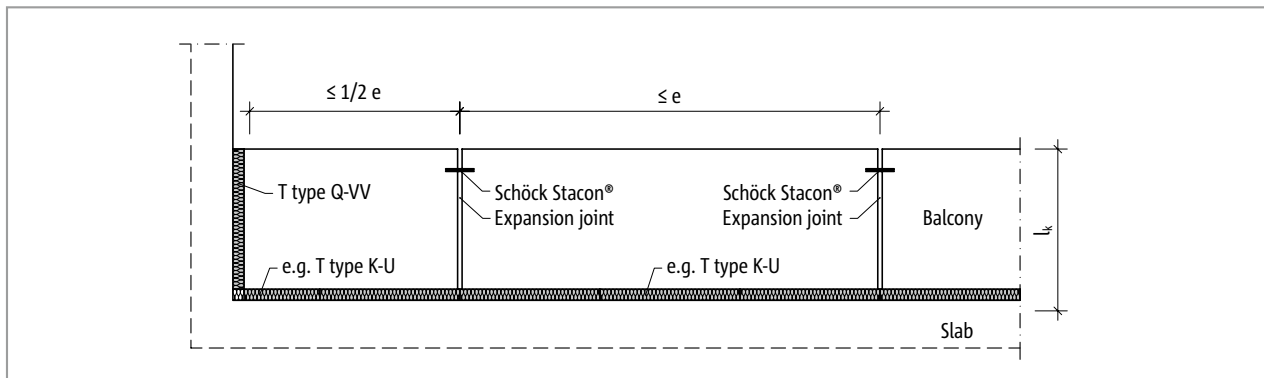


Fig. 84: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U: Expansion joint layout

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U/O | | M1–M4 |
|--------------------------------------|----|---------|
| Maximum expansion joint spacing when | | e [m] |
| Insulating element thickness [mm] | 80 | 13.0 |

Edge distances

The Schöck Isokorb® must be so arranged at the expansion joint that the following conditions are met:

- For the centre distance of the tension bars from the free edge or from the expansion joint: $e_R \geq 50$ mm and $e_R \leq 150$ mm applies.
- For the centre distance of the compression elements from the free edge or expansion joint the following applies: $e_R \geq 50$ mm and $e_R \leq 150$ mm.
- For the centre distance of the shear force bars from the free edge or from the expansion joints the following applies: $e_R \geq 100$ mm and $e_R \leq 150$ mm.

Product description

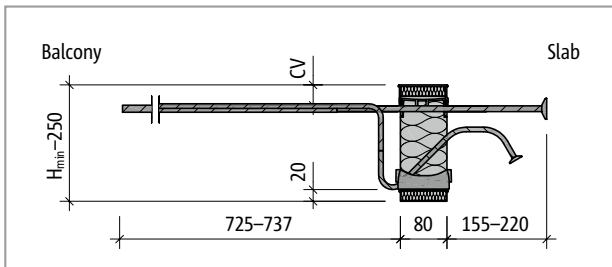


Fig. 85: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U-M2: Product section

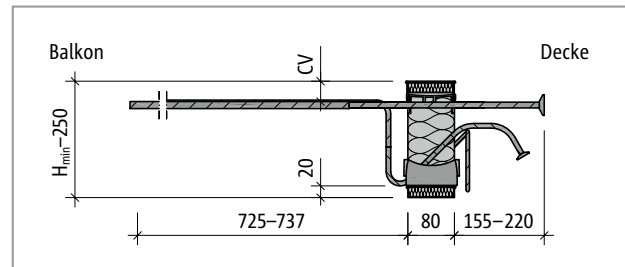


Fig. 86: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U-M4: Product section

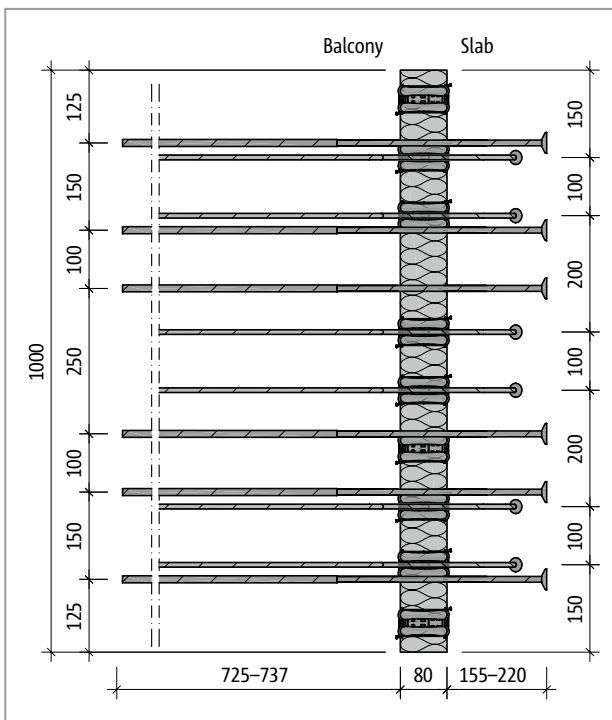


Fig. 87: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U-M2: Product layout

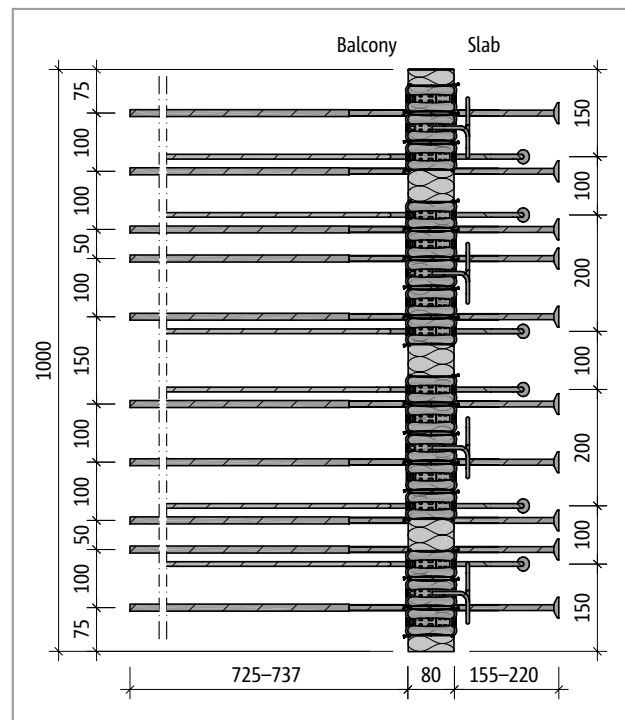


Fig. 88: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U-M4: Product layout

Product information

- Download further product plan views and cross-sections at www.schoeck.com/en-gb/download
- Minimum height Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U: $H_{\min} = 160$ mm
- On-site spacing of the Schöck Isokorb® type K-U possible at the unreinforced points; take into account reduced load-bearing capacity due to spacing; take into account required edge distances
- Concrete cover of the tension bars: CV30 = 30 mm, CV35 = 35 mm, CV50 = 50 mm

Product description

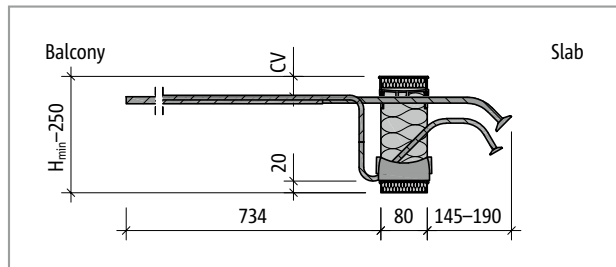


Fig. 89: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O-M2: Product section

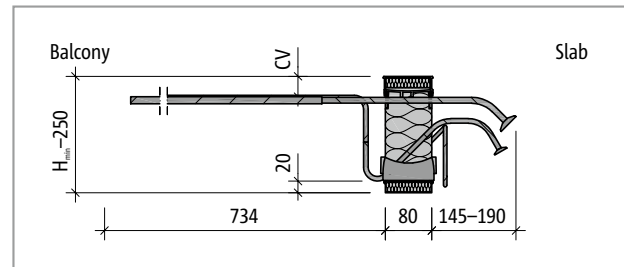


Fig. 90: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O-M4: Product section

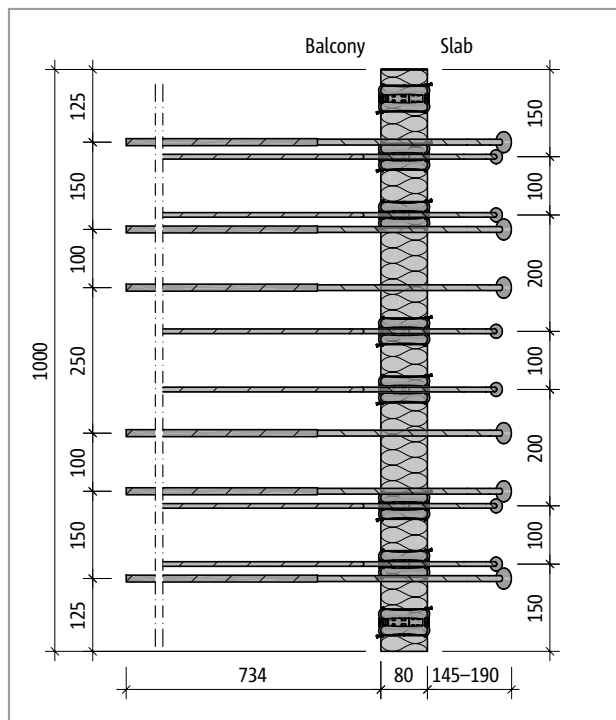


Fig. 91: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O-M2: Product layout

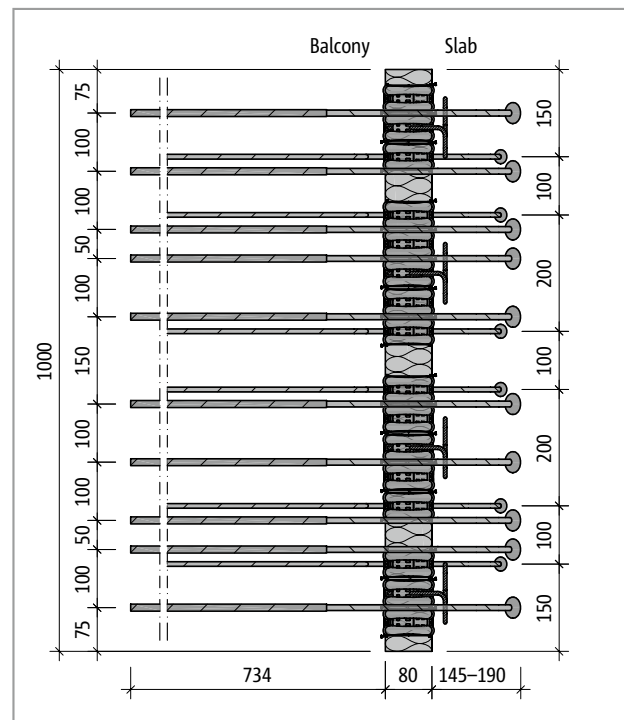


Fig. 92: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O-M4: Product layout

Product information

- Download further product plan views and cross-sections at www.schoeck.com/en-gb/download
- Minimum height Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O: $H_{\min} = 160$ mm
- On-site spacing of the Schöck Isokorb® type K-O possible at the unreinforced points; take into account reduced load-bearing capacity due to spacing; take into account required edge distances
- Concrete cover of the tension bars: CV30 = 30 mm, CV35 = 35 mm, CV50 = 50 mm

T type
K-O
K-U

Reinforced concrete – reinforced concrete

On-site reinforcement – Schöck Isokorb® T type K

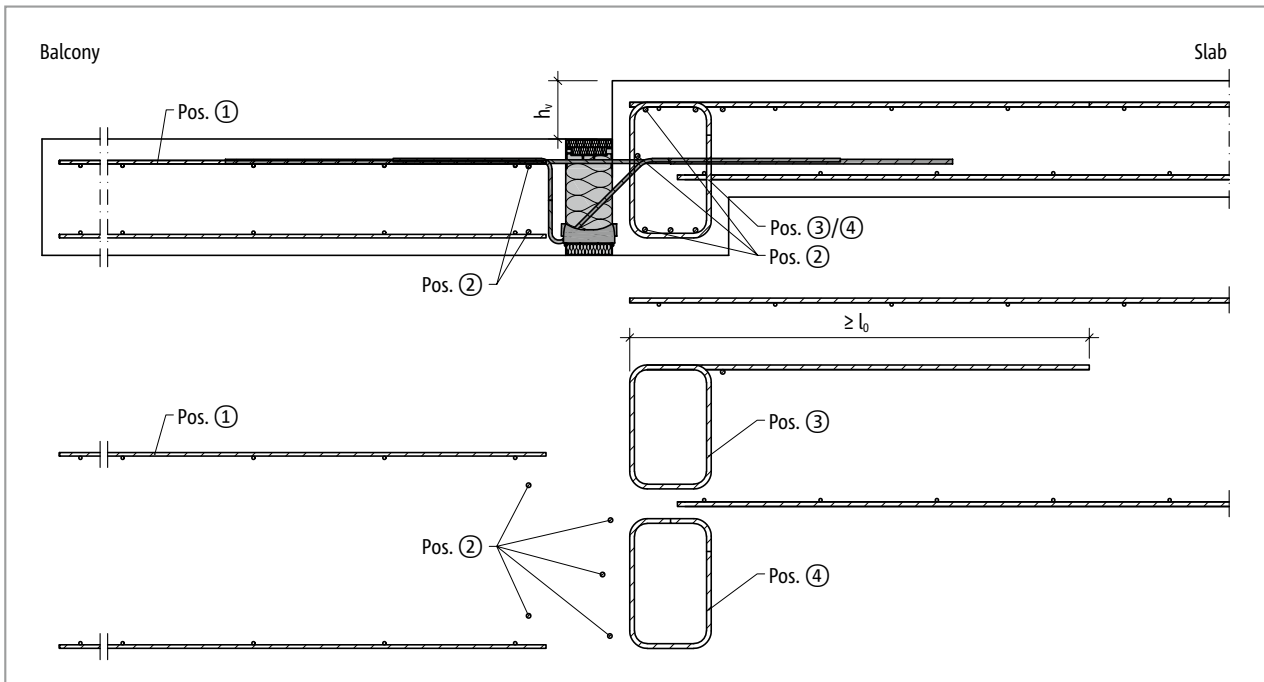


Fig. 93: Schöck Isokorb® T type K: On-site reinforcement for small height offset

On-site reinforcement – Schöck Isokorb® T type K

Recommendation for the on-site connection reinforcement

Information on the on-site reinforcement for Schöck Isokorb® with a loading of 100 % of the maximum design moment and the shear force with C25/30. The required reinforcement cross-section depends on the bar diameter of the steel bar or wire-mesh reinforcement.

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K | | | M1 | | M2 | | M3 | | | | |
|--|--------------|-------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| On-site reinforcement | Location | Height [mm] | V1 | V2 | V1 | V2 | V1 | V2 | V3 | | |
| | | | Floor (XC1) concrete strength class \geq C25/30 Balcony (XC4) concrete strength class \geq C25/30 | | | | | | | | |
| Overlap reinforcement depending on bar diameter | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pos. 1 with H8 [mm ² /m] | Balcony side | 160–250 | 242 | 215 | 443 | 416 | 578 | 544 | 564 | | |
| Pos. 1 with H10 [mm ² /m] | | | 271 | 252 | 476 | 457 | 619 | 596 | 641 | | |
| Pos. 1 with H12 [mm ² /m] | | | 325 | 302 | 571 | 548 | 743 | 715 | 769 | | |
| Steel bars along the insulation joint | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pos. 2 | Balcony side | 160–250 | 2 • H8 | | | | | | | | |
| | Floor side | | 3 • H8 | | | | | | | | |
| Stirrup reinforcement for redirection of the tension force (single-shear chargeable) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pos. 3 [mm ² /m] | Floor side | 160 | 235 | 266 | 422 | 453 | 510 | 549 | 621 | | |
| | | 250 | 375 | 406 | 698 | 730 | 845 | 884 | 969 | | |
| Stirrup reinforcement acc. to shear force design | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pos. 4 | Floor side | 160–250 | Stirrup reinforcement according to BS EN 1992-1-1 (EC2), 6.2.3, 9.2.2 | | | | | | | | |

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K | | | M4 | | | | M5 | | | | M6 | | | |
|--|--------------|-------------|--|------|------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| On-site reinforcement | Location | Height [mm] | V1 | V2 | V3 | VV1 | V1 | V2 | V3 | VV1 | V1 | V2 | V3 | VV1 |
| | | | Floor (XC1) concrete strength class \geq C25/30 Balcony (XC4) concrete strength class \geq C25/30 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overlap reinforcement depending on bar diameter | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pos. 1 with H8 [mm ² /m] | Balcony side | 160–250 | 655 | 622 | 622 | 704 | 757 | 724 | 775 | 754 | 861 | 827 | 844 | 880 |
| Pos. 1 with H10 [mm ² /m] | | | 698 | 675 | 699 | 717 | 802 | 779 | 856 | 768 | 908 | 884 | 915 | 880 |
| Pos. 1 with H12 [mm ² /m] | | | 838 | 810 | 839 | 861 | 963 | 934 | 1027 | 922 | 1089 | 1061 | 986 | 880 |
| Steel bars along the insulation joint | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pos. 2 | Balcony side | 160–250 | 2 • H8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Floor side | | 3 • H8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Stirrup reinforcement for redirection of the tension force (single-shear chargeable) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pos. 3 [mm ² /m] | Floor side | 160 | 582 | 621 | 674 | 480 | 679 | 718 | 821 | 528 | 780 | 819 | 889 | 653 |
| | | 250 | 970 | 1009 | 1062 | 926 | 1140 | 1179 | 1320 | 1012 | 1319 | 1356 | 1441 | 1233 |
| Stirrup reinforcement acc. to shear force design | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pos. 4 | Floor side | 160–250 | Stirrup reinforcement according to BS EN 1992-1-1 (EC2), 6.2.3, 9.2.2 | | | | | | | | | | | |

T type
K-O
K-U

Reinforced concrete – reinforced concrete

On-site reinforcement – Schöck Isokorb® T type K

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K | | | M7 | | | M8 | | |
|--|--------------|-------------|--|------|------|------|------|------|
| | | | V1 | V2 | VV1 | V1 | V2 | VV1 |
| On-site reinforcement | Location | Height [mm] | Floor (XC1) concrete strength class \geq C25/30 Balcony (XC4) concrete strength class \geq C25/30 | | | | | |
| Overlap reinforcement depending on bar diameter | | | | | | | | |
| Pos. 1 with H8 [mm ² /m] | Balcony side | 160–250 | 959 | 959 | 990 | 1068 | 1068 | 1100 |
| Pos. 1 with H10 [mm ² /m] | | | 1013 | 1030 | 990 | 1130 | 1139 | 1100 |
| Pos. 1 with H12 [mm ² /m] | | | 1066 | 1102 | 990 | 1192 | 1210 | 1100 |
| Steel bars along the insulation joint | | | | | | | | |
| Pos. 2 | Balcony side | 160–250 | 2 · H8 | | | | | |
| | Floor side | | 3 · H8 | | | | | |
| Stirrup reinforcement for redirection of the tension force (single-shear chargeable) | | | | | | | | |
| Pos. 3 [mm ² /m] | Floor side | 160 | 970 | 1005 | 819 | 1102 | 1120 | 935 |
| | | 250 | 1615 | 1651 | 1490 | 1841 | 1859 | 1704 |
| Stirrup reinforcement acc. to shear force design | | | | | | | | |
| Pos. 4 | Floor side | 160–250 | Stirrup reinforcement according to BS EN 1992-1-1 (EC2), 6.2.3, 9.2.2 | | | | | |

Information about on-site reinforcement

- Due to the reinforcement density in the beam application is only recommended up to T type K-M8.
- When reinforcing with different diameters the reinforcement specification for the largest diameter is relevant.
- The mixing of steel bar and wire mesh reinforcement is possible. The corresponding mesh reinforcement can be taken into account when determining the additional reinforcement.
- For the redirection of the tension force on the floor-side, a stirrup reinforcement Pos. 3 is required in the floor edge beam (upper side length $l_{o,bü}$). This stirrup reinforcement Pos.3 safeguards the load transmission from the Schöck Isokorb®.
- The shear force reinforcement Pos. 4 is based on the loading of balcony, floor and the supporting width of the downstand/upstand beam. Therefore, the shear force reinforcement is to be verified by the structural engineer case by case.
- The required lateral reinforcement in the overlap area is to be verified according to BS EN 1992-1-1 (EC2), 8.7 to 8.8 and BS EN 1992-1-1/NA, NDPs nd NCIs to 8.7 and 8.8.
- The Schöck Isokorb® T type K is to be placed as necessary before the installation of the downstbeam and or upstand beam reinforcement.
- Pos. 3: Values for the Isokorb® height between 160 mm and 250 mm may be interpolated.
- Pos. 3: For larger downstand beam widths a reduction of the required reinforcement acc. to the structural engineer's details is possible.
- The indicative minimum concrete strength class of the external structural component is C32/40.

On-site reinforcement – Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U

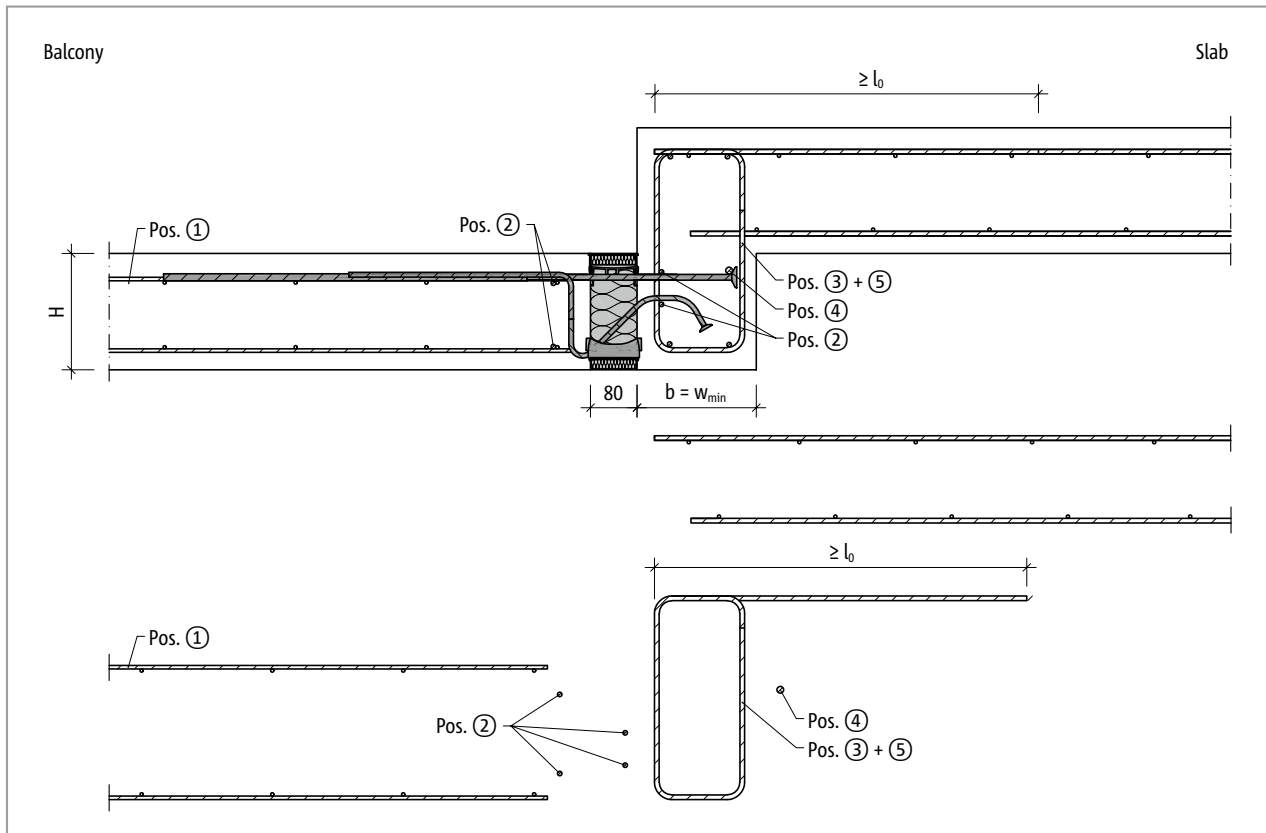


Fig. 94: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U: On-site reinforcement for balcony with height offset downwards with minimum structural element dimension ($w_{exist} = w_{min}$)

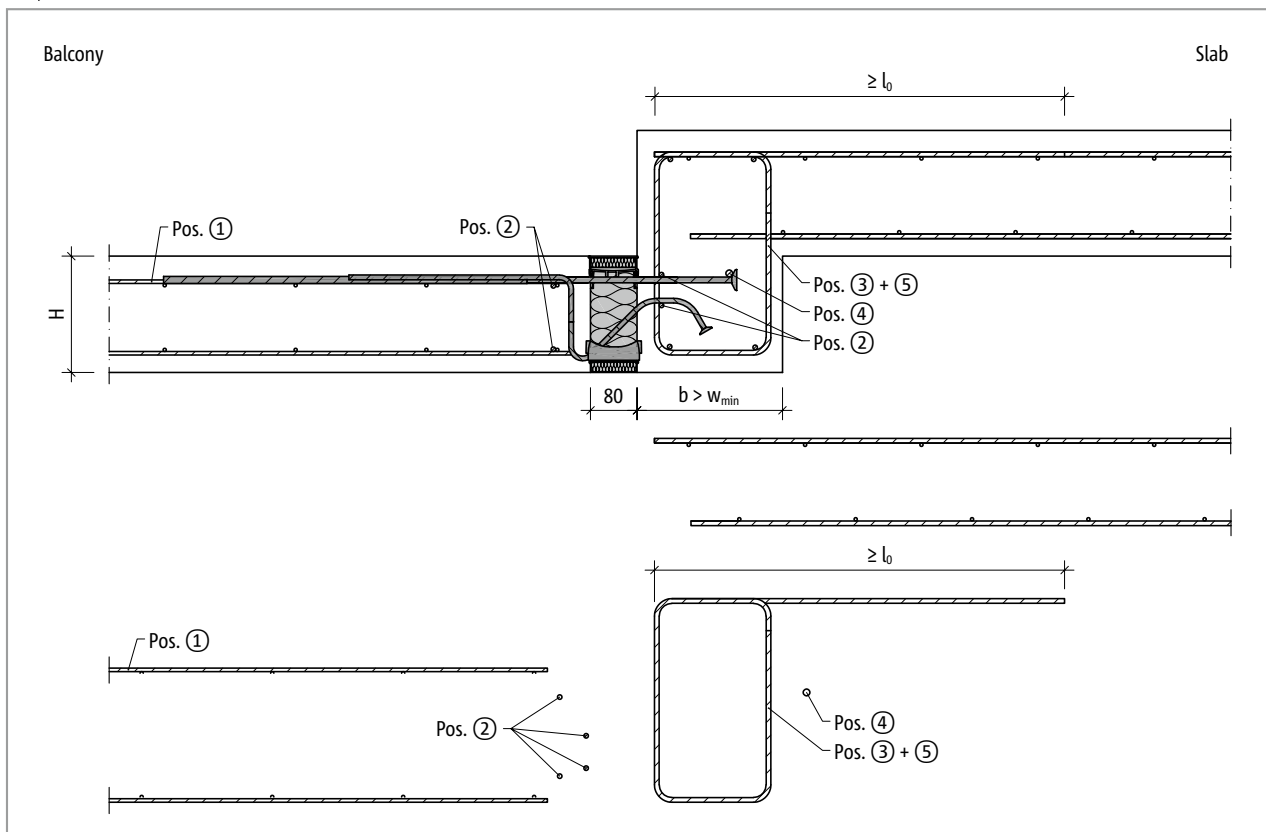


Fig. 95: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U: On-site reinforcement for balcony with height offset downwards with larger structural element dimension ($w_{exist} = w_{min}$)

T type
K-O
K-U

Reinforced concrete – reinforced concrete

On-site reinforcement – Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U

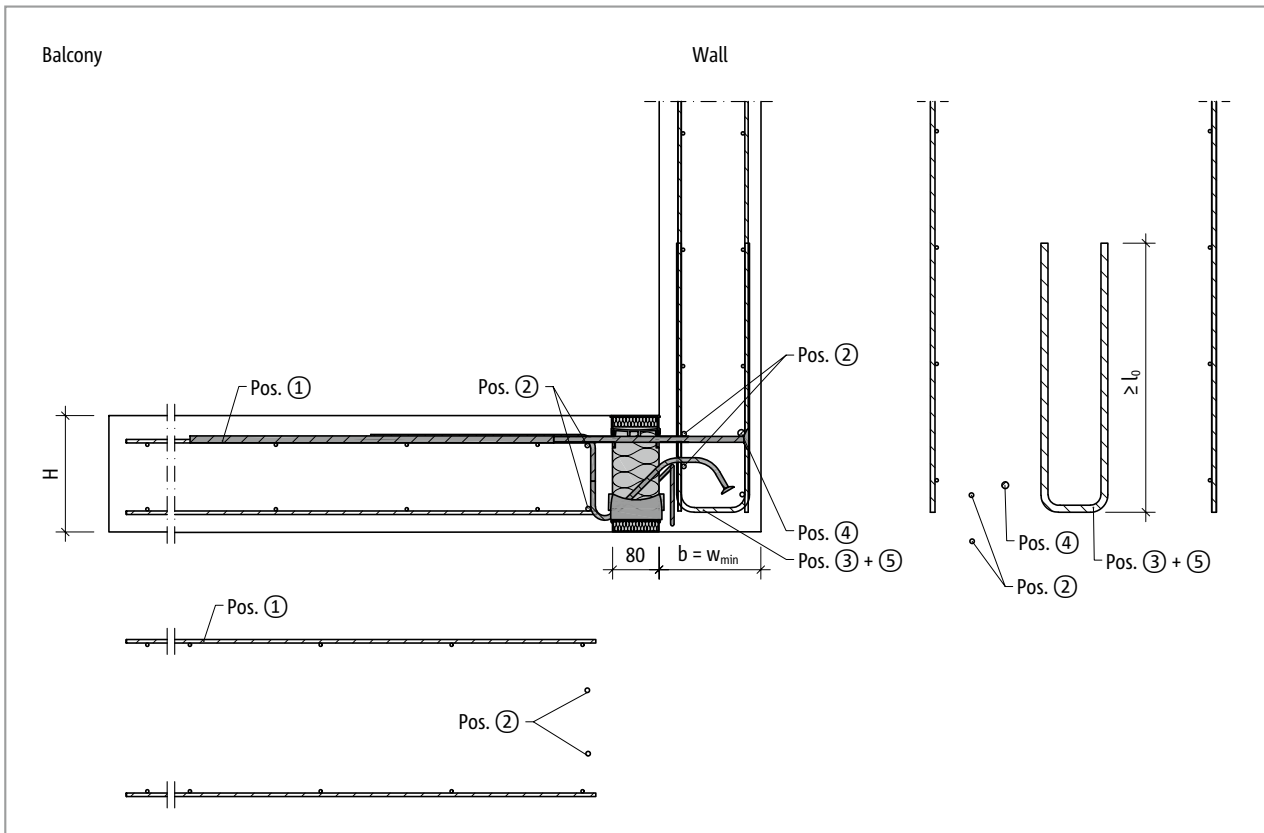


Fig. 96: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U: On-site reinforcement for wall connection with minimum structural element dimension ($w_{exist} = w_{min}$)

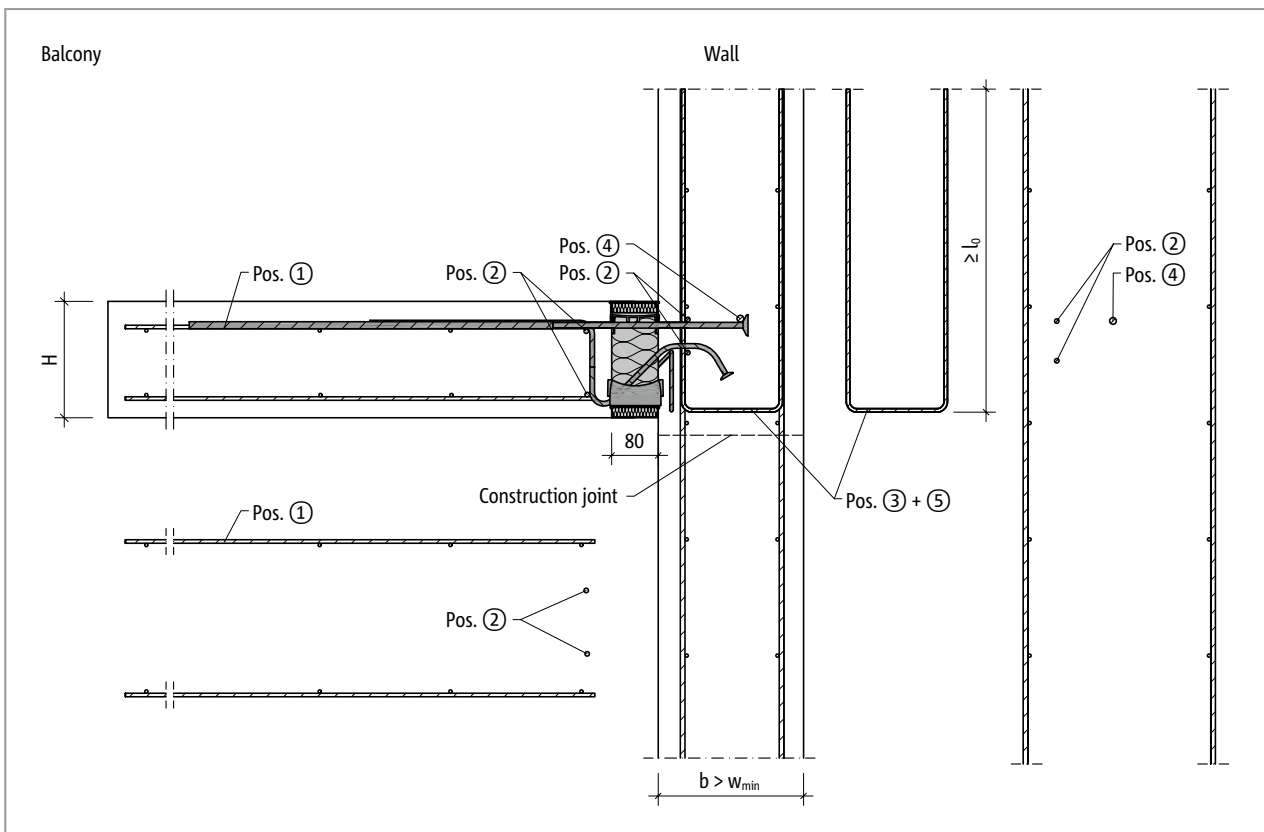


Fig. 97: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U: On-site reinforcement for wall connection upwards with larger structural element dimension ($w_{exist} > w_{min}$)

On-site reinforcement – Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U

Recommendation for the on-site connection reinforcement

Information on the on-site reinforcement for Schöck Isokorb® with a loading of 100 % of the maximum design moment and the shear force with C25/30. The required reinforcement cross-section depends on the bar diameter of the steel bar or wire-mesh reinforcement.

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U | | | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 |
|---|--|-------------|--|------------|-------------|-------------|
| On-site reinforcement | Location | Height [mm] | Concrete strength class \geq C25/30 | | | |
| | | | 200 mm > downstand beam width \geq 175 mm 200 mm > wall thickness \geq 175 mm | | | |
| Overlap reinforcement depending on bar diameter | | | | | | |
| Pos. 1 with H8 [mm ² /m] | Balcony side | 160–210 | 440 | 594 | 785 | 897 |
| Pos. 1 with H10 [mm ² /m] | | | | | | |
| Pos. 1 with H12 [mm ² /m] | | | | | | |
| Steel bars along the insulation joint | | | | | | |
| Pos. 2 | balcony side/ downstand beam, wall | 160–210 | 2 · 2 · H8 | | | |
| Vertical reinforcement | | | | | | |
| Pos. 3 [mm ² /m] minimum reinforcement | downstand beam, wall | 160–210 | \geq 640 | \geq 895 | \geq 1086 | \geq 1198 |
| Pos. 3 structural element design | downstand beam, wall | 160–210 | Taking into account the moments and shear forces provided by the structural engineer | | | |
| Steel bars along the insulation joint | | | | | | |
| Pos. 4 | downstand beam, wall | 160–210 | \geq 1 · H12 | | | |
| Splitting tensionreinforcement (allowable single shear) | | | | | | |
| Pos. 5 [mm ² /m] | downstand beam, wall | 160–210 | 130 | | | |

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U | | | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 |
|---|--|-------------|--|------------|-------------|-------------|
| On-site reinforcement | Location | Height [mm] | Concrete strength class \geq C25/30 | | | |
| | | | 220 mm > downstand beam width \geq 200 mm 220 mm > wall thickness \geq 200 mm | | | |
| Overlap reinforcement depending on bar diameter | | | | | | |
| Pos. 1 with H8 [mm ² /m] | Balcony side | 160–230 | 440 | 650 | 858 | 981 |
| Pos. 1 with H10 [mm ² /m] | | | | | | |
| Pos. 1 with H12 [mm ² /m] | | | | | | |
| Steel bars along the insulation joint | | | | | | |
| Pos. 2 | balcony side/ downstand beam, wall | 160–230 | 2 · 2 · H8 | | | |
| Vertical reinforcement | | | | | | |
| Pos. 3 [mm ² /m] minimum reinforcement | downstand beam, wall | 160–230 | \geq 640 | \geq 951 | \geq 1159 | \geq 1281 |
| Pos. 3 structural element design | downstand beam, wall | 160–230 | Taking into account the moments and shear forces provided by the structural engineer | | | |
| Steel bars along the insulation joint | | | | | | |
| Pos. 4 | downstand beam, wall | 160–230 | \geq 1 · H12 | | | |
| Splitting tensionreinforcement (allowable single shear) | | | | | | |
| Pos. 5 [mm ² /m] | downstand beam, wall | 160–230 | 130 | | | |

T type
K-O
K-U

Reinforced concrete – reinforced concrete

On-site reinforcement – Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U

Recommendation for the on-site connection reinforcement

Information on the on-site reinforcement for Schöck Isokorb® with a loading of 100 % of the maximum design moment and the shear force with C25/30. The required reinforcement cross-section depends on the bar diameter of the steel bar or wire-mesh reinforcement.

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U | | | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 |
|---|--|-------------|--|------------|-------------|-------------|
| On-site reinforcement | Location | Height [mm] | Concrete strength class \geq C25/30 | | | |
| | | | 240 mm > downstand beam width \geq 220 mm 240 mm > wall thickness \geq 220 mm | | | |
| Overlap reinforcement depending on bar diameter | | | | | | |
| Pos. 1 with H8 [mm ² /m] | Balcony side | 160–250 | 440 | 660 | 880 | 1045 |
| Pos. 1 with H10 [mm ² /m] | | | | | | |
| Pos. 1 with H12 [mm ² /m] | | | | | | |
| Steel bars along the insulation joint | | | | | | |
| Pos. 2 | balcony side/ downstand beam, wall | 160–230 | 2 · 2 · H8 | | | |
| Vertical reinforcement | | | | | | |
| Pos. 3 [mm ² /m] minimum reinforcement | downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | \geq 640 | \geq 960 | \geq 1180 | \geq 1346 |
| Pos. 3 structural element design | downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | Taking into account the moments and shear forces provided by the structural engineer | | | |
| Steel bars along the insulation joint | | | | | | |
| Pos. 4 | downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | \geq 1 · H12 | | | |
| Splitting tensionreinforcement (allowable single shear) | | | | | | |
| Pos. 5 [mm ² /m] | downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | 130 | | | |

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U | | | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 |
|---|--|-------------|--|------------|-------------|-------------|
| On-site reinforcement | Location | Height [mm] | Concrete strength class \geq C25/30 | | | |
| | | | Downstand beam width \geq 240 mm wall thickness \geq 240 mm | | | |
| Overlap reinforcement depending on bar diameter | | | | | | |
| Pos. 1 with H8 [mm ² /m] | Balcony side | 160–250 | 440 | 660 | 880 | 1099 |
| Pos. 1 with H10 [mm ² /m] | | | | | | |
| Pos. 1 with H12 [mm ² /m] | | | | | | |
| Steel bars along the insulation joint | | | | | | |
| Pos. 2 | balcony side/ downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | 2 · 2 · H8 | | | |
| Vertical reinforcement | | | | | | |
| Pos. 3 [mm ² /m] minimum reinforcement | downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | \geq 640 | \geq 960 | \geq 1180 | \geq 1400 |
| Pos. 3 structural element design | downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | Taking into account the moments and shear forces provided by the structural engineer | | | |
| Steel bars along the insulation joint | | | | | | |
| Pos. 4 | downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | \geq 1 · H12 | | | |
| Splitting tensionreinforcement (allowable single shear) | | | | | | |
| Pos. 5 [mm ² /m] | downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | 130 | | | |

On-site reinforcement – Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U

i Information about on-site reinforcement

- The mixing of steel bar and wire mesh reinforcement is possible. The corresponding mesh reinforcement can be taken into account when determining the additional reinforcement.
- When reinforcing with different diameters the reinforcement specification for the largest diameter is relevant.
- The minimum reinforcement of Pos. 3 serves for the transfer of the active bar axial forces from the Isokorb®. This minimum reinforcement must be complied with.

The required reinforcement from the structural element design as a result of the loading of the balcony, floors, walls and the supporting width of the downstand/upstand beam is to be verified by the structural engineer. The reinforcement determined from this must be compared with the minimum reinforcement of Pos, 3.

The greater of the two values is relevant.

- Isokorb® height for CV30 and CV35:
 - H = 160–190 mm for downstand beam width $w_{\min} < 200\text{ mm}$
 - H = 160–210 mm downstand beam width $w_{\min} < 220\text{ mm}$
 - H = 160–230 mm downstand beam width $w_{\min} < 240\text{ mm}$
- Anchorage and closing of stirrup to be determined as per EC2.
- The required lateral reinforcement in the overlap area is to be verified according to BS EN 1992-1-1 (EC2), 8.7 to 8.8 and BS EN 1992-1-1/NA, NDPs and NClIs to 8.7 and 8.8.
- Pos. 3 Vertical reinforcement (stirrup): At least one stirrup is to be arranged between as well as alongside the outer lying tension or compression bars.
- l_0 for l_0 (H10) $\geq 570\text{ mm}$, l_0 for l_0 (H12) $\geq 680\text{ mm}$ and l_0 (H16) $\geq 910\text{ mm}$.
- Further reinforcement values for concrete strength class C20/25 under www.schoeck.com/en-gb/download
- With the selection of the Isokorb® type channels and inclinations must be taken into account, in order to maintain the required concrete cover.
- The indicative minimum concrete strength class of the external structural component is C32/40.
- For the safe transmission of forces the instructions with regard to construction joints are to be observed, see page 82.

⚠ Hazard warning - missing connection bar

- For the given load-bearing capacity, the transverse reinforcement bar is absolutely necessary. This transverse reinforcement bar must be fitted directly to the anchor head.

i Design example

- Numerical example for stirrup design (Pos. 3 + 5):

Geometry: Isokorb® height H = 200 mm
 Downstand width $w_{\text{exist}} = 220\text{ mm}$
 Concrete cover CV30

concrete strength: C25/30
 internal forces from balcony: $m_{\text{Ed}} = 45.3\text{ kNm/m}$
 $v_{\text{Ed}} = 35.0\text{ kN/m}$

selected: T type K-U-M3-V1-RE1120-CV35-LR180-X80-H200-7.0

Vertical reinforcement (considered singly):

Minimum reinforcement for Pos. 3: $a_{s,\text{min}} = 1163\text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

Required reinforcement from structural element design: $a_{s,\text{req}} = 528\text{ mm}^2/\text{m} < 1163\text{ mm}^2/\text{m} = a_{s,\text{min}}$

⇒ The minimum reinforcement $a_{s,\text{min}} = 1163\text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$ is relevant!

Required splitting tensile reinforcement Pos. 5: $a_{s,\text{req}} = 130\text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

⇒ Required stirrup cross-section (single-shear): $a_{s,\text{req}} = 1163\text{ mm}^2/\text{m} + 130\text{ mm}^2/\text{m} = 1293\text{ mm}^2/\text{m}$

On-site reinforcement – Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O

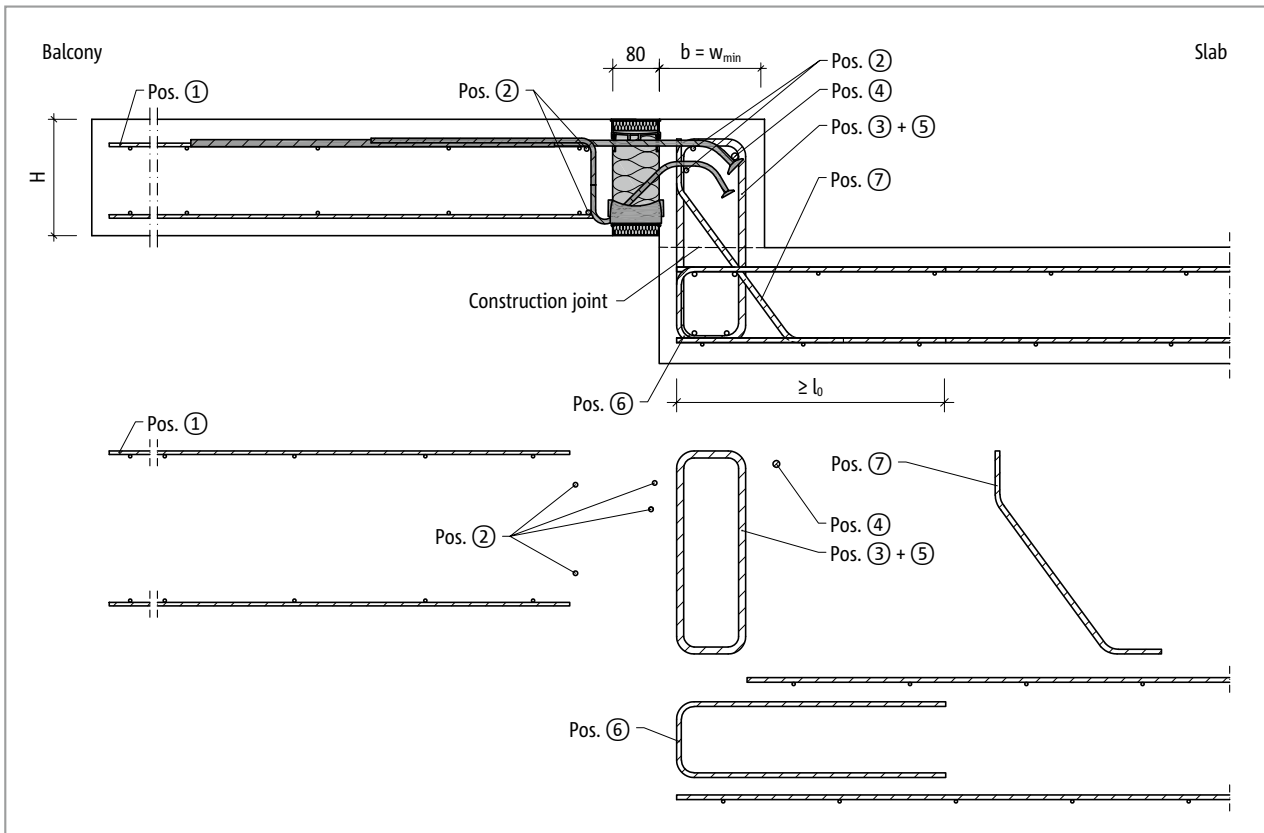


Fig. 98: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O: On-site reinforcement for balcony with height offset upwards with minimum structural element dimension ($w_{exist} = w_{min}$)

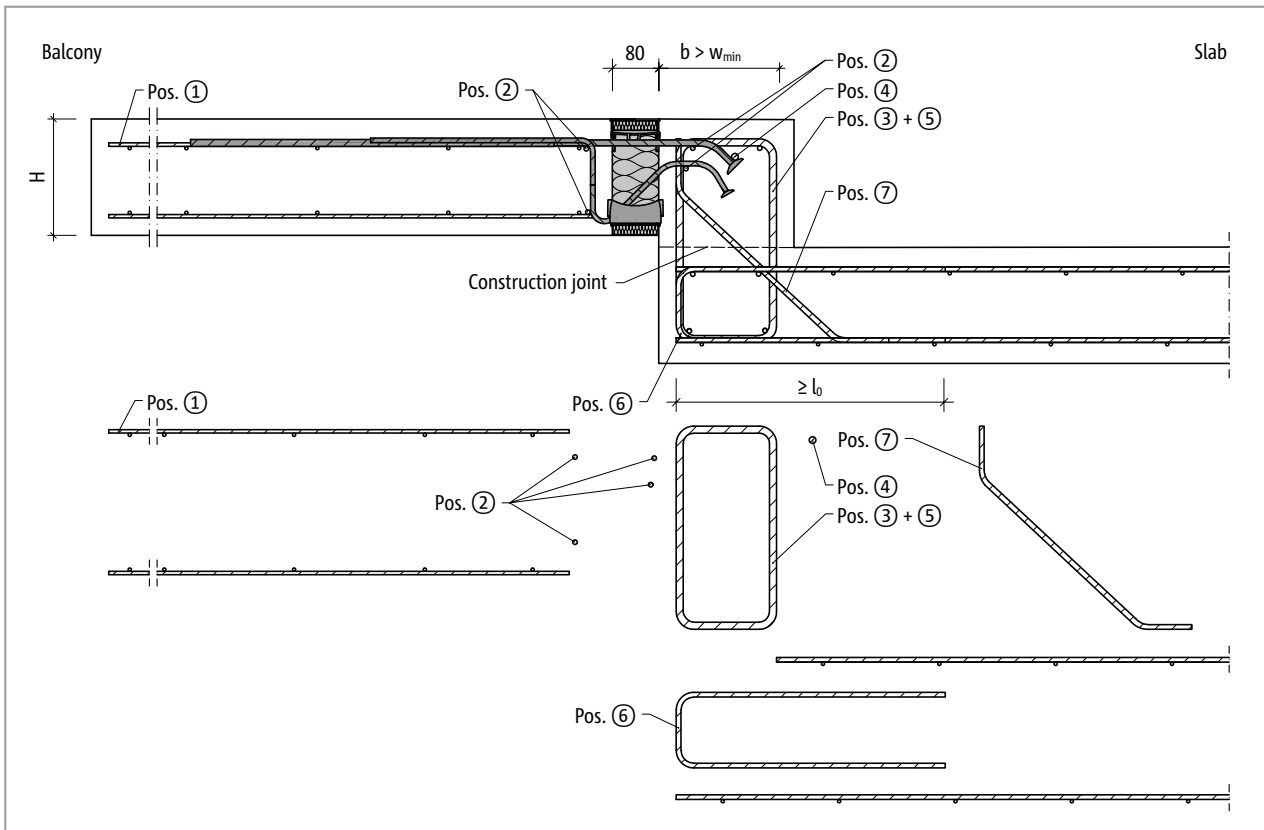


Fig. 99: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O-F: On-site reinforcement for balcony with height offset upwards with larger structural element dimension ($w_{exist} \geq w_{min}$)

On-site reinforcement – Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O

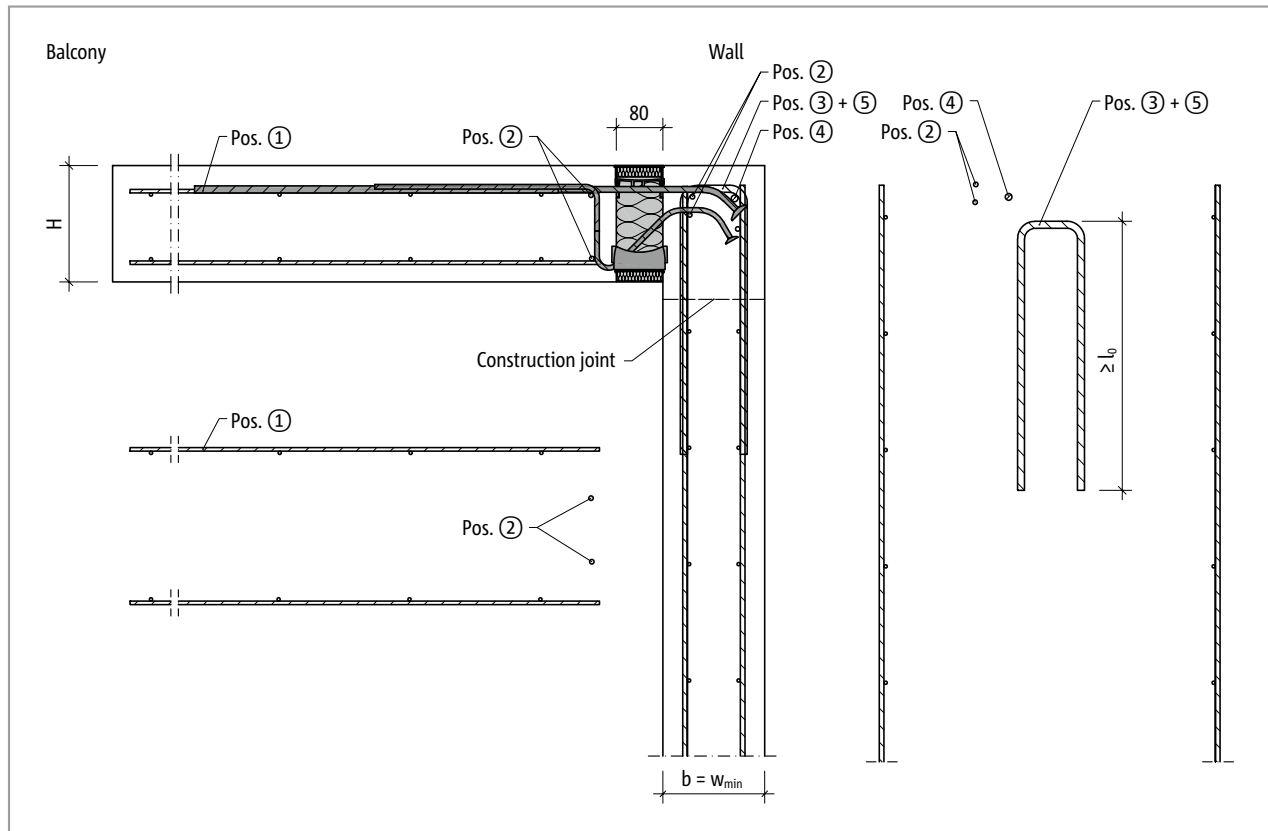


Fig. 100: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O: On-site reinforcement for wall connection downwards with minimum structural element dimension ($w_{exist} = w_{min}$)

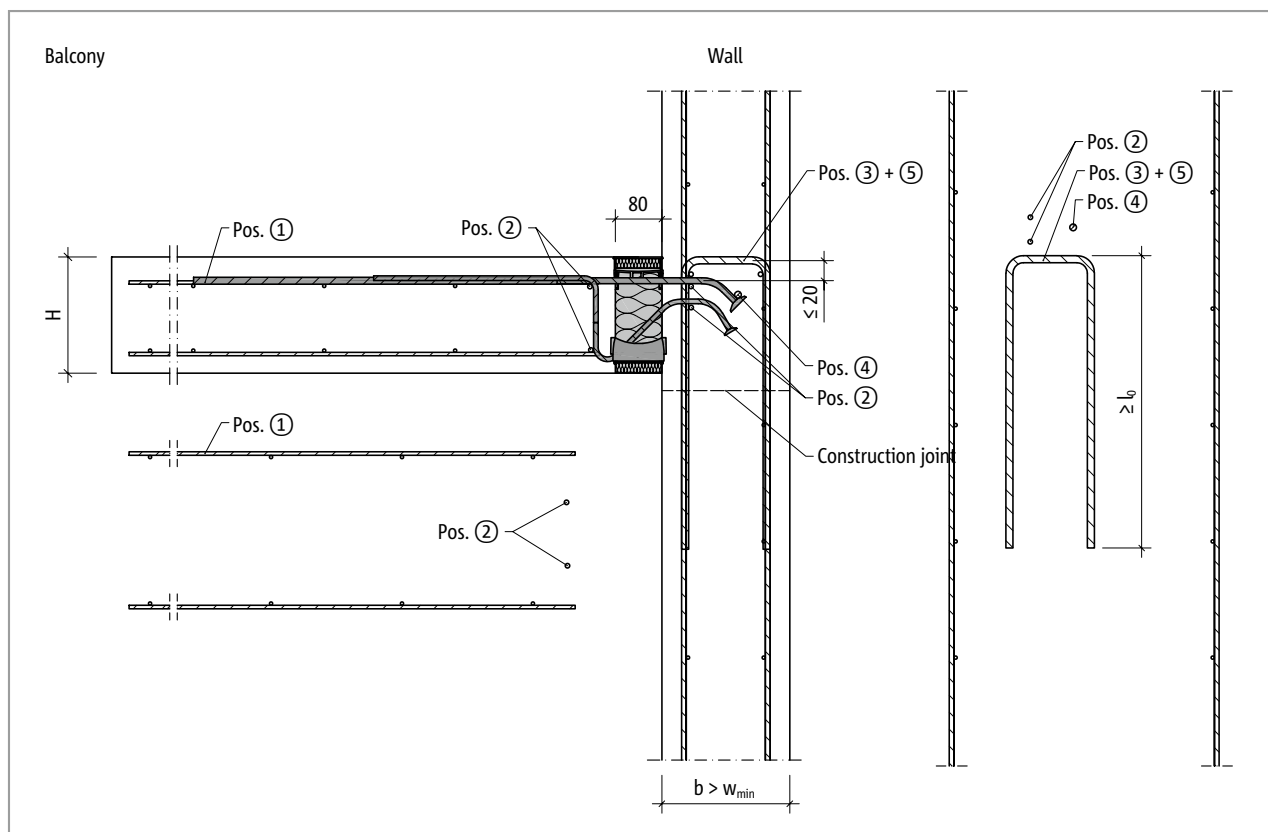


Fig. 101: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O: On-site reinforcement for wall connection with larger structural element dimension ($w_{exist} > w_{min}$)

On-site reinforcement – Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O

Recommendation for the on-site connection reinforcement

Information on the on-site reinforcement for Schöck Isokorb® with a loading of 100 % of the maximum design moment and the shear force with C25/30. The required reinforcement cross-section depends on the bar diameter of the steel bar or wire-mesh reinforcement.

| Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O | | | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 |
|---|--|-------------|--|------------|-------------|-------------|
| On-site reinforcement | Location | Height [mm] | Concrete strength class \geq C25/30 | | | |
| | | | Downstand beam width \geq 175 mm wall thickness \geq 175 mm | | | |
| Overlap reinforcement depending on bar diameter | | | | | | |
| Pos. 1 with H8 [mm ² /m] | Balcony side | 160–250 | 440 | 660 | 862 | 1099 |
| Pos. 1 with H10 [mm ² /m] | | | | | | |
| Pos. 1 with H12 [mm ² /m] | | | | | | |
| Steel bars along the insulation joint | | | | | | |
| Pos. 2 | balcony side/ downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | 2 · 2 · H8 | | | |
| Pos. 3 structural element design | downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | Taking into account the moments and shear forces provided by the structural engineer | | | |
| Vertical reinforcement | | | | | | |
| Pos. 3 [mm ² /m] minimum reinforcement | downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | \geq 640 | \geq 960 | \geq 1163 | \geq 1583 |
| Steel bars along the insulation joint | | | | | | |
| Pos. 4 | downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | \geq 1 · H12 | | | |
| Splitting tensionreinforcement (allowable single shear) | | | | | | |
| Pos. 5 [mm ² /m] | downstand beam, wall | 160–250 | 130 | | | |
| Slip in bracket | | | | | | |
| Pos. 6 | Floor side | 160–250 | acc. to the specifications of the structural engineer | | | |
| Inclined reinforcement | | | | | | |
| Pos.7 | Downstand beam | 160–250 | acc. to the specifications of the structural engineer | | | |

Information about on-site reinforcement

- Information on the on-site reinforcement see page 81.
- The indicative minimum concrete strength class of the external structural component is C32/40.

⚠ Hazard warning - missing connection bar

- For the given load-bearing capacity, the transverse reinforcement bar is absolutely necessary. This transverse reinforcement bar must be fitted directly to the anchor head.

On-site reinforcement – Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O

Information about on-site reinforcement

- The mixing of steel bar and wire mesh reinforcement is possible. The corresponding mesh reinforcement can be taken into account when determining the additional reinforcement.
- When reinforcing with different diameters the reinforcement specification for the largest diameter is relevant.
- The minimum reinforcement of Pos. 3 serves for the transfer of the active bar axial forces from the Isokorb®. This minimum reinforcement must be complied with.
The required reinforcement from the structural element design as a result of the loading of the balcony, floors, walls and the supporting width of the downstand/upstand beam is to be verified by the structural engineer. The reinforcement determined from this must be compared with the minimum reinforcement of Pos. 3.
The greater of the two values is relevant.
- Isokorb® height for CV30 and CV35: $H = 160\text{--}210$ mm for downstand beam width $w_{\min} < 190$ mm
 $H = 160\text{--}230$ mm for downstand beam width $w_{\min} < 210$ mm
- Pos. 3 and Pos. 5 are to be brought as close as possible over the tension bar of the Schöck Isokorb®. The distance between the on-site stirrup reinforcement and the upper edge of the tension bar is smaller than 2 cm.
- Anchorage and closing of stirrup to be determined as per EC2.
- The required lateral reinforcement in the overlap area is to be verified according to BS EN 1992-1-1 (EC2), 8.7 to 8.8 and BS EN 1992-1-1/NA, NDPs and NCl to 8.7 and 8.8.
- Pos. 3 Vertical reinforcement (stirrup): At least one stirrup is to be arranged between as well as alongside the outer lying tension or compression bars.
- l_0 for l_0 (H10) ≥ 570 mm, l_0 for l_0 (H12) ≥ 680 mm and l_0 (H16) ≥ 910 mm.
- Further reinforcement values for concrete strength class C20/25 under www.schoeck.com/en-gb/download
- With the selection of the Isokorb® type channels and inclinations must be taken into account, in order to maintain the required concrete cover.
- For the safe transmission of forces the instructions with regard to construction joints are to be observed, see page 82.
- The indicative minimum concrete strength class of the external structural component is C32/40.

Hazard warning - missing connection bar

- For the given load-bearing capacity, the transverse reinforcement bar is absolutely necessary. This transverse reinforcement bar must be fitted directly to the anchor head.

Design example

- Numerical example for stirrup design (Pos. 3 + 5):
Geometry: Isokorb® height $H = 230$ mm
Downstand width $w_{\text{exist}} = 175$ mm
Concrete cover in the downstand beam CV30
concrete strength: C25/30
internal forces from balcony: $m_{\text{Ed}} = -69.2$ kNm/m
 $v_{\text{Ed}} = 21.6$ kN/m

selected: T type K-O-M4-V1-RE1120-CV50-LR145-X80-H230-7.0
Vertical reinforcement (considered singly):
Minimum reinforcement for Pos. 3: $a_{s,\text{min}} = 1583$ mm²/m
Required reinforcement from structural element design: $a_{s,\text{req}} = 1600$ mm²/m > 1583 mm²/m = $a_{s,\text{min}}$

⇒ The required reinforcement from structural element design $a_{s,\text{req}} = 1600$ mm²/m is relevant!

Required splitting tensile reinforcement Pos. 5: $a_{s,\text{req}} = 130$ mm²/m

⇒ Required stirrup cross-section (single-shear): $a_{s,\text{req}} = 1600$ mm²/m + 130 mm²/m = 1730 mm²/m

Tight fit/Concreting section | Installation instructions

Tight fit/Concreting section

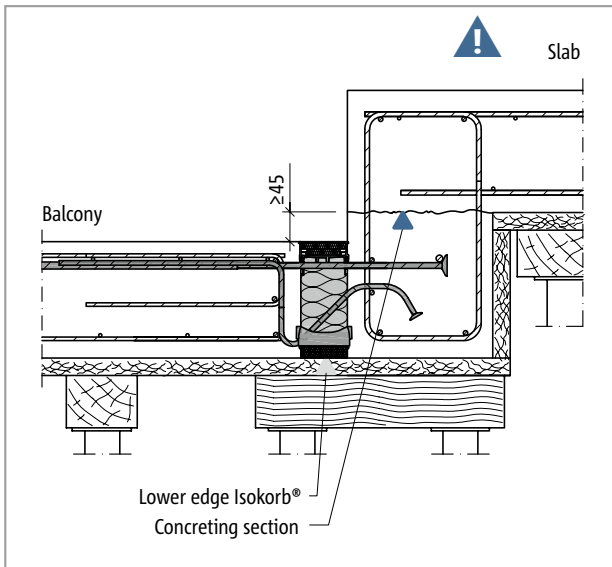


Fig. 102: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-U: Cast-in-place concrete balcony with height offset downwards

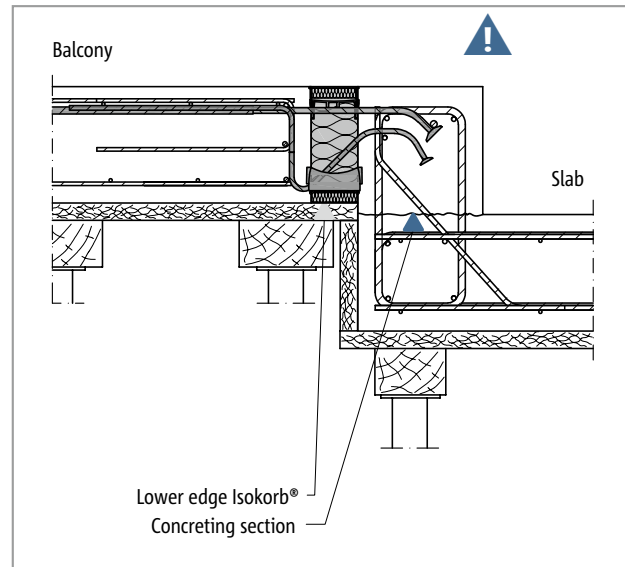


Fig. 103: Schöck Isokorb® T type K-O: Cast-in-place concrete balcony with height offset upwards

⚠ Hazard note: Tight fit with different height levels

The tight fit of the pressure bearings to the freshly poured concrete is to be ensured, therefore the upper edge of the masonry respectively of the concreting section is to be arranged below the lower edge of the Schöck Isokorb®. This is to be taken into account above all with a different height level between inner slab and balcony.

- The concreting joint and the upper edge of the masonry are to be arranged below the lower edge of the Schöck Isokorb®.
- The position of the concreting section is to be indicated in the formwork and reinforcement drawing.
- The joint planning is to be coordinated between precast concrete plant and construction site.

📄 Installation instructions

The current installation instruction can be found online under:

- Schöck Isokorb® XT/T type K-U: www.schoeck.com/view/2736
- Schöck Isokorb® XT/T type K-O: www.schoeck.com/view/2738

✓ Check list

- Have the loads on the Schöck Isokorb® connection been specified at design level?
- Has the cantilevered system length or the system support width been taken as a basis?
- Has the additional deformation due to the Schöck Isokorb® been taken into account?
- Is the drainage direction taken into account with the resulting camber information? Is the degree of camber entered in the working drawings?
- Is the increased minimum slab thickness taken into account with CV50?
- Are the recommendations for the limitation of the slenderness observed?
- Are the maximum allowable expansion joint spacings taken into account?
- Are the Schöck FEM guidelines taken into account with the calculation using FEM?
- With the selection of the design table is the relevant concrete cover taken into account?
- Have existing horizontal loads e.g. from wind pressure been taken into account as planned? Are additional Schöck Isokorb® T type H required for this?
- Are the requirements with regard to fire protection explained and is the appropriate addendum entered in the Isokorb® type description in the implementation plans?
- Is the required component geometry present with the connection to a floor or a wall? Is a special design required?
- Have the requirements for on-site reinforcement of connections been defined in each case?
- Is the on-site supplementary bar (Pos. 4) incorporated?
- With precast balconies are possibly necessary gaps for the front side transportation anchors and downpipes with internal drainage taken into account? Is the maximum centre distance of 300 mm for the Isokorb® bars observed?

